The Sydney Morning Herald.

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STEAM TO MORETON BAY.

THE New Steam Packet EAGLE, J. Allen, commander, will sail TO-MORROW, Friday, at 5 P.M.

JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.

H.R.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 1518

STEAM TO CALIFORNIA.

THE STEAM SHIP JUNO, 700 tons, will proceed to San Francisco, with the quickest despatch, should a sufficient number of passengers offer.

Intending passengers are requested to make immediate application, that no delay may occur.

No cargo will be taken, as the only object in buying the "Juno" on for California is to give those intending to migrate an opportunity of reaching the Gold Country before the sailing vessels, and all the stowage will be required for coals.

Cabin passage £35
Steerage ditto 15

Scale of provisions, and further particulars can be obtained by applying to the Commander, R. L. P. Kinsopp, between the hours of ten and four, at the Office of

Messrs. E. W. LAYTON AND CO.,
1327 Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR PORT ALBERT.

VIA MELBOURNE, OR NOT, AS INDUCEMENT OFFERS.

THE fine Schooner JOHN & CHARLOTTE, Captain Alexander S. Sturgeon, will sail in all next week. For freight or passage, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 470, George-street.

*** Wanted a crew used to the cattle trade, and with good characters. Apply to Captain Sturgeon, at our office, at noon, this day. 1460

FOR THE BERMAGUI, PAMPULA, AND TWOFOLD BAY.

THE CURRENCY LASS, William Ringland, Master, will Sail for the above Ports on Saturday, 28th instant. For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, at the Union Wharf 1493

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

A REGULAR TRADER.

Will follow the Phœbe the middle of the week, to suit shippers and passengers.

THE fine new clipper brig DART, George Bennett, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will have her usual despatch. Apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 470, George-street.

The cabin of this vessel is unrivalled in the trade for size, airiness, or comfort—beds, linen, &c., provided. 809

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.

THE well-known first-class trader PHŒBE, 100 tons burthen, Captain Collins, now fast loading, will sail on Saturday next. For passage only, having superior accommodation, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
1284 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE, PORT PHILLIP

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fine fast-sailing Brig LOUIS AND MIRIAM, 160 tons, Captain Pilfold, will sail positively for the above port *This Day*, Thursday, the 26th instant.

For passage only, having very superior accommodation, including a separate cabin for ladies, apply to the master, on board, at the Circular Quay; or, to

M. JOSEPH,
1297 390, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE.

TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON TUESDAY NEXT.

THE fine teak schooner ANTARES, 150 tons, John Roach, commander, will sail for the above port with despatch.

Apply to Captain Roach, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

SMITH AND CAMPBELL,
Spring-street.
July 26. 1435

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE fine first-class schooner VELOCITY, 140 tons burthen, M'Veigh, Master, will positively sail for the above on the 1st August. full or not full.

For freight or passage apply on board, at Willis' Wharf; or, to

JAMES COOK,
Circular Quay.
July 25. 1406

FOR MELBOURNE.

THE fine packet brig CHRISTINA, Saunders, Master, hourly expected, will sail for the above named port one week after arrival. Apply to

SMITH BROTHERS AND CO.
1385 Bussex-street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE PASSENGER BRIG. DIANA, J. R. Peake, Commander, is hourly expected, and having a considerable portion of her cargo ready, will sail with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to

R. M. SAYERS,
Port Phillip Packet Office,
1439 489, George-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR GEELONG.

THE fine fast-sailing schooner PETREL, Thomas Gibson, master, having all her dead weight on board, has room for a few tons of light freight, and will clear at the Customs, at noon, This Day, and sail in the evening. For particulars of freight or passage apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
1390 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR HOBART TOWN.

WILL SAIL ON SUNDAY NEXT.

THE well-known packet brig EMMA, 170 tons, R. F. Pockley, commander. Will be ready to receive cargo This Day, Thursday, and will positively sail as above. Parties intending to proceed to Hobart Town, are requested to inspect her accommodations.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or, to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
1066 Queen-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND.

THE fine fast-sailing first class brig SUSAN, 219 tons register, loading at the Flour Company's Wharf, will sail positively on Saturday the 4th August. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 470, George street.

Intending steerage passengers are requested to inspect the half-deck accommodations, which are unequalled in the trade. 931

FIRST VESSEL FOR CALIFORNIA.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

THE fine fast-sailing newly coppered brig MARGARET, W. B. M'Leod, master, 250 tons burthen, will sail positively full or not full, on Sunday next, the 29th instant. For cabin or steerage passage, having still a few berths disengaged, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Agents.
Packet Office, 470, George-street.
Sydney, July 17.

To suit the convenience of the number of passengers engaged from the Hunter River district for this vessel, the Margaret will call off the port of Newcastle on Tuesday, the 31st instant, on which date all passengers from thence are requested to be in readiness. 936

MARGARET FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE numerous passengers applying to us by letter for information respecting the recent accounts of the extraordinary production of Gold, and the high rate of wages, are referred to the *Sydney Morning Herald* of Tuesday, the 24th instant.

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
1461 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR CALIFORNIA, WITH ALL DESPATCH.

CALLING AT AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND, TAKING THE PLACE OF THE LALLA ROOKH.
To sail on the 15th August.

THE FINE NEW SHIP INCHINNAN, 555 tons, Henry Pearse, commander.

This vessel has a full poop, with very superior cabin accommodation.

The between decks exceedingly lofty, ventilated with scuttles and ports fore and aft, according to Government regulations for emigrants' ships, thus offering such an opportunity as has not yet occurred for

THE GOLD COUNTRY.

In the arrangements of the berths the married people and families will be separate from the single.

An experienced Surgeon will be appointed—a liberal scale of the very best provisions will be allowed, and every attention to comfort and convenience will be eased for.

Captain Pearse being well acquainted in the command of emigrant ships.

A scale of provisions, with every other information will be afforded on application to Captain Pearse, on board, at the wharf, Miller's Point; or, to

J. B. METCALFE,
OR,
R. TOWNS.
Towns' Wharf. 1319

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, (CALIFORNIA.)

THE SCHOONER CHEERFUL, 130 tons register, having been purchased by a gentleman who intends proceeding in her to the above port, offers advantages over any other vessel hitherto left for the Gold Country, as by her light draught of water she will be enabled to run a long way up the Sacramento River, and approach within a few miles of the diggings—thereby saving to her passengers an expensive and ruinous journey overland, or an exorbitant charge for conveyance by water from the port to the river.

Full information can be given by the Captain on board, who has been many years on the coast of California.

The Cheerful carries an experienced surgeon, and will sail positively on the 30th instant.

As it is intended to take but a limited number of passengers, early application must be made to

ROBERT R. OGILBY,
967 Gill's Hotel.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

TO SAIL PUNCTUALLY ON AUGUST 15, FULL OR NOT FULL.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALLING AT TAHITI AND THE SANDWICH ISLANDS, FOR FRESH PROVISIONS AND WATER.

THE first-class ship COURIER DE TAHITI, 600 tons burthen. This vessel having very superior cabin accommodation, with lofty 'tween decks, will sail on the above date. In consequence of numerous engagements for passengers, early application is necessary to

MONTEFIORE GRAHAM, AND CO.

The owner of this vessel, who proceeds in her, offers a guarantee for the comfort of passengers; and being intimately acquainted with the trade of the various ports of destination, will receive and dispose of any cargo entrusted to his care. 800

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT.

THE FINE BARQUE STATESMAN, 550 tons burthen. In consequence of the alteration in the destination of the Inchinnan, the above vessel will be despatched early in August, taking a limited number of horses, which will be under the superintendence of Mr. Buchan Thomson; the Statesman will return to this colony, thus offering a quick return for the proceeds of horses, which will be guaranteed and paid by the undersigned for all horses consigned through him.

For particulars apply at the Wharf.

R. TOWNS.
Towns's Wharf, Miller's Point,
July 16. 971

HORSES FOR CALCUTTA.

THE fine A 1 ship SCOTIA, 778 tons register, Thomas Brekland, Commander, is laid on for the above port, in consequence of the Ajax being detained at New Zealand.

This ship has lofty and well ventilated 'tween decks, and will receive horses on board on the 15th proximo. A few stalls only are disengaged.

The cabin accommodations are of a superior description.

For freight or passage apply to ALEXANDER MACKELLAR, Esq., Braidwood, who proceeds in charge of the Stock; or in Sydney, to

BROWN AND CO., OR
LYALL SCOTT, AND CO.
Sydney, July 25 1449

FOR CEYLON, WITH DESPATCH.

THE fine first-class Barque EMPRESS, R. H. Goble, commander, 405 tons register.

This vessel is well adapted for the conveyance of horses, of which she will take a limited number; and passengers for England by overland will find her accommodations excellent.

Apply on board; or, to

1395 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO

SHIPPERS OF HORSES TO MADRAS.

THE first-class ship HASHEMY, 648 tons register, John Ross commander, will embark her horses on 3rd August, and proceed to sea on the morning of the 5th.

There are only a few stalls disengaged, and intending shippers are requested to make early application.

Passengers for England per overland will find this a desirable opportunity of proceeding to India.

Apply to

1464 LYALL, SCOTT AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY

THE splendid A1 ship QUINTIN LEITCH, 643 tons register, Lewis Potter, commander. Has room for a few bales wool, and has three poop cabins disengaged Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.;
or to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
July 21. 1312

FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL ONLY.

THE fast-sailing A1 regular trader SYDNEY, 345 tons, John White, commander, has the greater portion of her cargo on board, and will have quick despatch. Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.;
OR TO
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
July 21. 1313

FOR LONDON.

WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fine first-class ship LADY AMHERST, 446 tons, L. R. Myhill, commander.

This vessel only requires some wool to complete her loading, and will have quick despatch. Has excellent cabin accommodations, and carries an experienced surgeon.

Apply on board, or to

1463 LYALL, SCOTT AND CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE A1 British-built barque WEST INDIAN, 328 tons register, Robert Mills, commander. This vessel has good accommodation for passengers, and having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Mills, on board; to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER;
or, to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
July 20. 1185

FOR LONDON.

THE fine barque LALLA ROOKH, A1, 350 tons, William Henry Percy Haine, commander. Has the greater part of her cargo engaged, and will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having first-rate accommodations, apply to the Captain, on board; to

F. EBSWORTH;
Or,
J. E. METCALFE.
July 16. 876

ONLY VESSEL FOR LIVERPOOL.

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 brig CHAMPION, Captain William Morrish, will be despatched about the middle of August. Early application is necessary to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 856

CITY THEATRE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 27.

MRS. HAMBLETON'S BENEFIT.

MRS. H. begs to inform the Ladies' and Gentlemen of Sydney, that her Benefit is fixed for the above evening, and being her first appeal, trusts that her exertions may merit a share of support.

The entertainments will commence with a domestic Drama, in three Acts, entitled THE FARMER'S STORY.

Mr QUIN will perform on the Rope, and Monsieur Duvant, a Posture Master, just arrived from England, will also make his appearance. Clown to the rope, Mr Barnes.

Nigger Song, by the Serenader. Naval Hornpipe, Mr. Hall.

To conclude with a laughable Farce, called WOMAN'S THE DEVIL

N. B.—The new entrance to the Pit will be opened this evening. 1453

GRAND RAFFLE.

ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS.

THOSE parties who intend participating in the above will do well to make early application, as the list is fast filling up. The Raffle will come off on Wednesday next, the 1st August.

3s. 6d.. Sweepstakes reserved.

J. T. GROCOTT,
1458 Music Saloon, 480, George-street.

No. 49-348.

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 25th July, 1849.

BLUE ROAD METAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that no eligible Tenders having been received for the supply of from 1000 to 6000 tons of Blue Road Metal, fresh Tenders are invited for the same, to be left at this office on or before Monday, the 6th August next, at noon. The Metal to be delivered in accordance with the specification, to be seen in the office of the City Surveyor, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

JOHN RAE,
1440 Town Clerk.

No. 49-349.

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 25th July, 1849.

TO MASONS, QUARRYMEN, AND OTHERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that no eligible Tenders having been received for the works required in the formation of *Crescent-street*, fresh Tenders will be received at this office, until Monday, the 6th August, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the completion of the work.

Plans and specifications may be seen in the office of the City Surveyor, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

JOHN RAE,
1441 Town Clerk.

No. 49-338.

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, July 14, 1849.

TO STONE MASONS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the erection of a dwarf wall at the Benevolent Asylum, George-street South, will be received at this office on or before Monday, the 30th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon. Plans and specification of the work required may be seen in the office of the City Surveyor, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

JOHN RAE,
848 Town Clerk

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are instructed by the Directors of the above Company to announce to the public a reduction of 2s. 6d. per cent. upon the rates of premium hitherto charged.

The rates, therefore, will now be as under.

FIRST-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone according to the Building Act, covered with slate, tile, or metal, and detached or separated, so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings	7 6
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but joined to other Buildings not being of a hazardous nature, and not of inferior construction	10 0
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but adjoining to shingled or other Buildings of inferior construction	12 6

If hazardous goods be deposited in any of the above named Buildings, 2s. 6d. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

SECOND-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone, according to the Building Act, and covered with shingles, but detached or separated so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings	12 6
Buildings constructed and covered as above, but joined to others of a similar or not inferior construction	15 0

If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

THIRD-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings of stud work, or brick-nogged, and covered with slate, tile, or metal, but separated by a proper space from so as not to be affected by any other Building.....	17 6
Buildings constructed as above, but joined to other Buildings of a superior class, with proper party walls between	20 0

If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

Goods not hazardous will be insured at the same rate as the Buildings in which they are deposited.

MEM.—Houses properly built of stone or brick, and covered with slates or shingles, but sufficiently detached or separated by proper party walls from other Buildings, will be deemed, according to circumstances, as 1st and 2nd Class Risks, though not in all respects in conformity with the Building Act.

Certain risks of the above description, and to which the foregoing scale may not be distinctly applicable, will be subject to special arrangement, according to the particular circumstances of each case.

HAZARDOUS GOODS.

Such as Cotton, Flax, Hemp, Oil, Rosin, Saltpetre, Spirits, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine, &c.

Rates for short period Assurances, as follows:—

Not exceeding three months, one half of the annual premium	
Exceeding three, and not exceeding six months, three quarters of the annual premium.	
Exceeding six months, the full annual rate.	

THACKER AND CO.,
6224 Agents.

SYDNEY BRANCH OF IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.

THE undersigned grant Policies at the reduced rates.

GRIFFITHS, PANNING, AND CO.
Agents,
Spring-street. 5877

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a resolution adopted at the meeting of proprietors on the 19th instant, a Dividend of 5 per cent on the capital stock of this Bank, for the half-year ended the 30th June last, will be payable at the Banking-house on and after the 1st day of August next.

JOHN BLACK,
Cashier.

Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, July 25. 1446

(No. 49—446.)

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 21st July, 1849.

COLLECTOR OF RATES FOR BOURKE AND COOK WARDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that applications will be received at this Office until Monday, the 30th instant, at noon, for the situation of Collector of Rates for Bourke and Cook Wards.

Full particulars as to the salary and duties of the situation may be obtained at this Office.

JOHN RAE,
1359 Town Clerk.

AUSTRALASIAN BOTANIC AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Members of this Society will be held at the Infant School Room, Castlereagh-street, on Tuesday next, the 31st instant, at three P.M., to receive the Annual Report of the Committee of Management, together with a statement of the receipts and expenditure. Also, to elect twelve Members of Committee for the current year to fill up vacancies occurred by the retirement by lot of six, and to complete the original number designed by the constitution of the Society, namely, twenty-four.

J. C. WHITE,
Secretary.
July 25. 1462

GOULBURN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

AUBURN AND CLINTON STREETS, GOULBURN.

MR. D. PATTERSON, late Head Master of the Sydney College, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Goulburn, Yass, Queanbeyan, Braidwood, &c., that having made all necessary preliminary arrangements, he is now prepared to receive into his family, young gentlemen as boarders, to whose education and personal comfort every attention will be given.

The advantages that will accrue to the southern districts of this colony from having an establishment of the above description in such a central situation as Goulburn, at which a sound classical, mathematical, and English education will be imparted, is so self-evident as not to require comment.

Mr. P.'s long experience as a teacher of youth, his mild but firm system of discipline, combined with strict and unremitting attention to the duties of his profession, will, he trusts, secure for him the support and confidence of the residents of the above mentioned districts, whose patronage he respectfully solicits.

Terms.—Quarterly payments in advance.
Boarders .. .. £10 per quarter.
Day Pupils ..... 3 per ditto
Stationery included

N. B.—Applications addressed (post-paid) to Mr. D. Patterson, Goulburn Grammar School, or to J. Gerard, Esq., M.D., Goulburn, will be promptly attended to. 427

NOTICE.

ANTONIO MILATOVICH having determined upon visiting Europe as speedily as possible, for the purpose of selecting a new and varied stock suitable to the wants of his large and respectable connexion, would request that, prior to his departure, such of his customers whose accounts are now outstanding, will at once settle the same, and all claims against him be sent in for liquidation.

A. M. would observe, that as it is necessary to close all accounts prior to his departure, he will be under the necessity of placing in the hands of his solicitor such parties' accounts who do not comply with this notice.

For the purpose of facilitating A. M.'s departure, and reducing his stock, he has determined upon selling every article at cost price, "for cash;" and respectfully requests those gentlemen who have hitherto so kindly supported him (during the last six years,) to favour him with such orders as they may require previous to his departure.

No. 487, George-street,
Opposite the Barrack Gate.
July 24. 1346

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE Office and Stores of T. G. SAWKINS are removed from the late Bank of Australia, to No. 12, Billiter House, Bridge-street. 1518

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. THACKER AND CO. have removed their Counting-house to George-street, at the corner of Jamison-street.

June 23. 10334

CALIFORNIA

TENTS of every description made on the shortest notice, adapted for storing goods, or as a temporary residence.

GEO. L. ROBINSON,
Sailmaker and Ship Chandler,
7186 Macquarie-place.

NEW FRUITS, &c.

EX PHŒNICIAN.

NOW LANDING, in the finest possible condition, and on sale at the stores of the undersigned—

13 Barrels Patras currants
5 Ditto Cheome raisins
40 Boxes ditto ditto
40 Boxes Muscatel ditto, in layers
20 Ditto Jordan Almonds
10 Bags Barcelona nuts
10 Barrels walnuts
2 Bales soft shell almonds
80 Drums Turkey figs
200 Tins Sardines
20 Cases ½ pint and pint salad oil
3 Chests Solazzi juice
5 Bags pimento
350 Tins red herrings, in 1, 2, and 4 dozen tins
20 Ditto finest Bermuda arrowroot
20 Cases Colman's starch
10 Ditto ditto blue
10 Barrels split peas
2 Hogsheads basket salt
25 Jars tartaric acid
25 Ditto cream tartar
25 Ditto carbonate soda

THOMAS TAYLOR,
Australian Grocery, Provision, Wine, and Spirit Warehouse,
1343 462, George-street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Damaged by Sea Water.

EX JOHN WITT, DONOVAN, MASTER, FROM LONDON.

TO TOBACCONISTS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at Pollard's Bonded Store,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
SRR—41 & 53,
2 Half-tierces Barrett's twist tobacco, much damaged
SRR—26, 37, 38, 58, 60, 45, 53, 57, 10,
9 Half-tierces Barrett's twist tobacco, slightly damaged.
Terms, cash. 1497

KEG TOBACCO, JUST LANDED.

TO TOBACCONISTS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at Pollard's Bonded Store,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
10 Kegs Negrohead Tobacco, just landed, first quality.
Terms at sale. 1495

POSTPONED FROM WEDNESDAY.

VINEGAR, GINGER, BLUE, CANDLES MATS, BAGS, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At half-past 11 o'clock,
10 hogsheads vinegar
3 casks ginger
10 boxes blue
6 ditto candles
3 casks walnuts
15 dozen sugar mats
4 dozen sugee bags
1 bale leather
50 boxes chocolate
5 cases calcined magnesia
Terms at sale. 1495

DRAPERY, PENCILS.

TO DRAPERS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27, 1849,
At half-past 11 o'clock precisely,
One bale 10-4 blankets.
One case prints
One ditto cotton handkerchiefs.
One ditto carpenters' and drapers' pencils.
One bale shirts.
Terms at sale. 1490

LUCERNE HAY.

TO LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS, SHIPPERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN
Will sell by auction, at the HUNTER RIVER STEAM COMPANY'S WHARF,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At half-past one o'clock precisely,
100 BALES Hydraulic Pressed LUCERNE HAY, in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale. 1409

FRYING PANS, HORSE NAILS, &c.

AT THE RISK OF THE FORMER PURCHASER—SALE MAY 28.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
LOT BRASS NAILS, Rack Pullies, Flour Dredgers, &c
4 Bags 6 lb horse nails
8 Ditto 5 lb ditto
1 Cask sad irons, 4 cwt, 3 qrs.
2 Dozen frying pans, No. 4; 2 dozen No. 1; 2 dozen No. 6; 2 dozen No. 7; 2 dozen oval, No. 6; 2 dozen oval, No. 2
2 Dozen long handle frying pans
Terms—Cash. 1347

NEW HOPS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
C & Co. 10 POCKETS HOPS, 1849 growth
13 Pockets Hops, 1847 growth.
Terms at sale. 1504

VARNISHES,

PAPER HANGINGS, FOOLSCAP PAPER, WINE GLASSES, VOLATILE SALTS, CARBONATE SODA, &c.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE, TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has been favoured with instructions from the importer to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
EX SALACIA,
2 CASES first quality Varnish, in iron kegs, consisting of body, carriage, black japan, black lacquer, gold size
2 Cases first quality oak and copal varnish, in iron kegs
EX JAMES SCOTT.
1 Case best quality varnish oak and copal.
EX AGRICOLA.
1 Case first quality varnish, consisting of body, carriage, japan, and gold size
1 Case, consisting of oak, copal, and gold size.
EX DUKE OF RICHMOND.
1 Case first quality varnish, consisting of carriage, body, black japan, gold size, &c.

☞ The particular attention of the trade is solicited to the above, being from the first manufacturers, and for unreserved sale.

§ 96—1 CASE PAPER HANGINGS, comprising about 4 0 pieces, in 10 patterns, and of very superior quality
§ 498.—1 Case fine foolscap paper
§ 20.—1 Cask wine glasses, consisting of Royal, Coburg, and flat flute patterns
24 Jars volatile salts
1 Cask carbonate soda
§ 567—1 Case nutmegs
§ 450.—1 Case coriander seeds
1 Case powdered Jamaica ginger, 112 lbs in 8 jars
10 Cases prunes

With sundry other merchandise, which will be afterwards submitted for sale.
Terms at sale. 1502

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED UNTIL TO-MORROW, IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE GREATER PORTION OF THE GOODS NOT HAVING BEEN LANDED.

OILMAN'S STORES,
EX EMPRESS.

A LARGE AND MOST EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT IN THE FINEST POSSIBLE ORDER, NOW LANDING FROM THE CELEBRATED HOUSE OF

KINCAID AND WYATT.

116 PACKAGES—NO RESERVE.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At Eleven o'clock precisely,
AN INVOICE of the following choice OILMAN'S STORES, got up in the latest and most beautiful style, now landing ex Express:—
Tart fruits, in cases of 8 dozen each
Pint pickles, in cases of 2 dozen
Quart ditto, in cases of 2 dozen
Sauces in cases of 3 dozen
Mustard, 1 lb., in cases of 2 dozen
Ditto, ½ lb., in cases of 3 dozen
French olives, ½ pints
Salad oil, pints and half-pints
Bloater paste
Anchovy ditto
Robinson's patent groats
Chocolate, in ½ lb. packages
Cayenne pepper, in fancy bottles
French capers, ½ pints and ¼ pints
Curry powder, fancy packets
New Nants sardines
Real Yarmouth herrings
Real Gorgona anchovies
Carraway seeds
Coriander seeds
French prunes
Mustard in tins
Nutmegs.
Terms at sale. 1502

NOTICE TO DRAPERS AND OTHERS.

MR. R. FAWCETT'S sale of DRAPERY and SLOPS will commence,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At half-past 10 o'clock precisely, 1533

DRAPER'S STOCK.

FROM LONDON.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
A Draper's Stock, from London, consisting of—
Gent's satin opera ties
Ditto ditto stocks
Ditto plain and checked rich satin handkerchiefs
Ladies' silk purses
Irish linen
Ladies' and gent's kid gloves
Gent's scarfs
Boys' brab hats
Velvet bonnets
Ribbons and flowers
Fancy vest buttons
Needles (sharps and betweens)
Black and white cotton hose
Children's socks
Cotton handkerchiefs
7-8 and 5-4 prints
Men's merino vests
Ladies' ditto ditto
Fancy regatta shirts
Ditto ditto shirting
&c., &c.
Terms at sale. 1430

BLANKETS, MOLESKIN TROUSERS, AND SCOTCH TWILL SHIRTS.

MR. R. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
2 Bales blankets
1 Case single stitched moleskin trousers
1 Ditto double ditto ditto
1 Ditto heavy Scotch twill shirts
1 Bale blue serge shirts.
1 Case assorted American jackets and Chesterfield coats.
Terms at sale. 1501

TO CLOSE A CONSIGNMENT.

MR. R. FAWCETT
Will sell by auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
ONE CASE BUTTONS, consisting of—
Fancy satin vest buttons
Ditto horn ditto ditto
Imitation glass ditto
&c., &c.
Terms at sale. 1499

EXTENSIVE AND UNRESERVED SALE OF DRAPERY, SLOPS, &c.
BY ORDER OF THE IMPORTERS.

53 (Fifty-three) Cases and Bales now being landed, ex Phœnician, from London.

MR. RICHARD FAWCETT

HAS received positive instructions to sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, George-street, on
TUESDAY, JULY 31,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
The following sterling lot of Goods, selected expressly for this market, viz.:—
36 inch fine India shirtings
Ditto ditto ditto cambric ditto
Ditto ditto ditto Horrocks's ditto
Ditto ditto ditto Victoria ditto
Ditto ditto ditto Irish ditto
Ditto ditto best red and gold end longcloths
Ditto ditto ditto 3 gold end ditto
33 inch shirtings, assorted
Ditto ditto longcloths, ditto
68 inch bleached sheeting
72 ditto best Crown white sheeting
77, 80, and 92 inch ditto ditto
36 and 72 inch Victoria wet-weft sheeting
72 inch red and blue and grey sheeting
74 inch stout one cord ditto ditto
74 inch best two red ditto ditto
64 inch three cord stout ditto ditto
68 inch three cord stout ditto ditto
77 inch three cord stout ditto ditto
82 inch three cord stout ditto ditto
30 and 33 inch stout twilled swanskin cotton
29 and 30 inch grey domestics
33 and 36 ditto ditto ditto
White and coloured rolled linings
Drab and self drab moleskins
Drab and white cotton cords
34 inch bleached union
33 ditto stout twilled regatta shirting
Women's white cotton hose
Ditto black ditto ditto
Ditto marbled ditto ditto
Men's brown and grey cotton half-hose
7 8 handsome town printed cambrics
7 8 Dark madder prints
4-4 stout ginghams
8-4, 9 4 and 10-4 Witney blankets
Welch flannels
Men's best blue serge shirts
Ditto white long cloth shirts, linen finish
Ditto super fancy regatta shirts
Ditto stout twilled shirts, lined, and binders
Ditto best drab moleskin trousers, D. S. and T. S.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, S. S.
Ditto white moleskin trousers
Ditto superfine blue Chesterfield coats
Ditto all blue Jersey frocks
4 4 rough brown holands
4-4 dressed ditto ditto
Men's superior blue cloth caps
Boys' and youths' fancy and cloth ditto.
Terms at sale.

Mr. Fawcett begs to draw the attention of drapers, storekeepers, shippers, &c., to the above choice lot of goods, which he is desired to sell to the highest bidder, thus affording a rare opportunity to lay in a cheap stock. 1503

FRIDAY, JULY 27.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

DAMAGED TEAS,
EX STATESMAN, DEWAR, MASTER, FROM HONGKONG.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by public auction, at
TOWNS'S WHARF,
ON FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,
IN ADDITION TO THE TEAS ALREADY ADVERTISED FOR THAT DAY.
AB in diamond—
§ 4—13 chests Congou
§ 3—10 ditto ditto
§ 2—10 Half chests Congou
§ 1— 5 catty boxes hyson skin
More or less damaged.
Terms at sale. 1443

FRIDAY, JULY 27.

DAMAGED TEAS,
EX STATESMAN, DEWAR, MASTER, FROM HONGKONG.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR LYONS
Has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at R. Towns, Esq.'s, Wharf, Miller's Point, on
FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,
98 CHESTS FINE HYSONSKIN
219 Half-chests ditto
RT in diamond.
62 Chests R in diamond.
23 Chests, slightly damaged T and Co. No. 1.
12 Chests, slightly damaged T and Co. No. 3.
1 Chest, slightly damaged. RT in diamond.
199 Half-chests R in diamond, No. 1.
27 Half-chests, slightly damaged T and Co. No. 2.
8 Half-chests, slightly damaged
TOTAL 327 PACKAGES.
ALSO,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
2 Chain cables.
Terms at sale. 1397

MONDAY, JULY 30.

TO PERSONS NEWLY ARRIVED, AND OTHERS REQUIRING

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON MONDAY, JULY 30,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
A QUANTITY OF VERY ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
which is in every respect worthy the particular attention of persons requiring really good and serviceable articles,
Comprising—
Very handsome English rosewood and other couches, mahogany secretary
Sideboard and chiffonier
Dining, loo and other tables
Dining and drawing room library
Reclining, easy, and other chairs
Elegant fourpost, iron, and other bedsteads
Mattresses and palliasses
Chests of drawers, washstands, &c.

☞ *The whole of the above articles are in the very best condition, and will be sold without reserve.*

Terms—Cash. 1444

TUESDAY, JULY 31.

THE MATERIALS OF THREE WOODEN HOUSES OR BOXES.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,
BY
MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At the Circular Wharf,
ON TUESDAY, JULY 31,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
THE Materials of Three Wooden Houses, or boxes, as they now stand near the wharf,
Suitable for California.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1513016

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

July 26.—Tamar, steamer, 130 tons, Captain Allen, from Moreton Bay 22nd instant. Passengers—Mr. Burgoyne, Mr. Graham. Mr. Crowder, Mr. and Mrs. G. Leslie, Miss Stokes, Mrs. Hudson, Mrs. Hockings, Mr. Morrisson, Mrs. Dowse and child. Mr. Harris, Mr. Moore, Mr. Ayerst, Mr. F. A. Forbes, Mr. Byrnes, Mrs. Byrnes, Mr. Rolston, seventeen in the steerage, one constable, and two prisoners.

DEPARTURE.

July 25.—Coromandel, barque, 639 tons, Captain Norman, for Calcutta. Passengers—Captain and Mrs. Garsten, Captain Middleton, Lieutenant and Mrs. Wilmot and servant, Mr. J. G. Davidson, Mr. F. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Alleway, and nine grooms.

CLEARANCES.

July 25.—London, barque, 388 tons, Captain Roberts, for London. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Connell, and Miss Miech.

July 25.—Spec, brig, 175 tons, Captain Dicey, for California. Passengers—Messrs. L. and G. De Sailley, Mr. E. Hughes, Mr. F. Forbes, Mr. A. Pattison, Mr. T. Patrick, Mrs. Bell and child, Mr. and Mrs. Wiseman and two children, Mr. S. A. Tegg, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fitzgerald and two children, Mr. P. Dolan, Mr. and Mrs. M'Lachlan and two children, Mrs. Pope, Mr. and Mrs. Carathen, Mrs. Newland and three children. Mr. and Mrs. Keelar, Messrs. R. Whitfield, W. Conn, W. Dunsmore, J. Bell, E. Barker, Gilltrap, R. Donavon, De Bois, Mein, F. Fraser, C. Conervan, G. Gogg, M'Lean, J. Dunn, A. Vincent, J. Callocar, J. Hurley, J. and G. Darcy, D. Calace, Balmain, Hizlett, and H. S. Mottram.

July 25.—Stirlingshire, ship, 410 tons, Captain Ayres, for Launceston via Newcastle.

COASTERS INWARDS.

July 25.—Ariel, 12, Foster, from Brisbane Water, with 3000 feet timber, 100 bushels maize; Shepherdess, 38, Witcher, from Ulladulla, with 112 bags wheat, 63 bags potatoes, 7 casks pork, 10 tons bark, 2 kegs butter; Beppo, 24, Dones, from Morpeth, with 250 bushels wheat, 189 bushels barley, 740 bushels maize; Thistle, steamer, 127, Mulhall, from Morpeth, with 3 bales wool, 67 hides, 19 bales sheepskins, 129 trusses hay, 243 bushels maize, 4 kegs and 7 cases tobacco, 106 pigs, 220 bags bran.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

July 25.—Phœnix, steamer, 108, Wiseman, for the Clarence River, with sundries; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries; Rose, steamer, 172, Pattison, for Morpeth, with sundries; Maria Prudence, 26, Morrow, for Wollongong, with sundries; Ariel, 12, Forster, for Brisbane Water, with sundries.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office, as follow:—

For California.—By the Spec, this day, at noon.

For London.—By the London, this evening, at six.

The Tamar left Moreton Bay on Sunday last, put into Newcastle yesterday for coals, and arrived at the Wharf at three o'clock this morning Her cargo consists of 52 bales wool, 37 casks tallow, and 47 bales sheepskins. The ship Chaseley sailed from Moreton Bay, for Sydney, on the 16th instant, and was passed by the Tamar off the Brothers on Tuesday last. The barque Eleanor sailed for New Caledonia on the 10th instant. The schooner Beaver sailed for Sydney on the 18th instant, and the Champion on the 20th: the former with 34½ bales wool, 52 casks tallow, 21 bundles skins, 70 hides, and 2600 feet pine; the latter with 19 bales wool, 14 bales skins, 177 hides, 15,000 feet pine, 1500 staves, 3 casks tongues, and 1 cask tallow. The schooners Mary Stewart and Elizabeth Jane, hence, arrived at Brisbane on tht 12th, and the Helen on the 14th instant;—they were to sail again for Sydney on Tuesday last. The Susan, hence, was going into the Bay when the Tamar left.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

July		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
26	THURSDAY	6 55	5 5	0 11	0 32

Moon, 1st quarter, 10 40 A.M., July 27.

Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1849.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Wednesday.

The Speaker took the chair at half-past three.

BORAX AND SALTPETRE BILL.

The SPEAKER reported to the House that the Governor had been pleased, on behalf of Her Majesty, to assent to the above Bill.

NEW BILLS.

Messages were brought in from his Excellency the Governor, transmitting Drafts of Bills as follows:—

Chas. A. Fitz Roy.
Governor:
In accordance with the provisions of the Act for the Government of New South Wales, 5 and 6 Victoria, cap. 76, the Governor transmits to the Legislative Council the Draft of a Bill "For adopting certain Standard Weights and Measures."
Government House, Sydney,
July 25.

Chas. A. Fitz Roy,
Governor:
In accordance with the Act for the Government of New South Wales, 5th and 6th Victoria, ch. 76, the Governor transmits to the Legislative Council the Draft of a Bill "To lower the Duty on Gin the produce of the United Kingdom."
This measure is submitted for the consideration of the Council, in obedience to the instructions of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, as conveyed in a despatch dated 20th November, 1848, of which a copy is herein enclosed.
Government House, Sydney,
July 25.

The Messages and Enclosures were ordered to be printed, and to be taken into consideration on Wednesday next.

PUBLICANS' BILL.

Mr. MARTIN presented a petition from various licensed victuallers in the county of Cumberland, praying for various amendments in the above Bill. The prayer of this petition was similar to that presented some time since from the chairman and committee of the Friendly Society of Licensed Victuallers, and sought, among other things, to have the law assimilated to that of England, by allowing public-houses to be open on Sundays after church hours; by allowing cards, &c., to be used; and by allowing publicans to sue for debts incurred for spirits.

The petition was received.

MENANGLE FORD.

Mr. FITZGERALD presented a petition from 132 inhabitants of Goulburn, praying for the construction of a permanent bridge over Menangle Ford.

Petition received.

Mr. FITZGERALD presented a similar petition from 160 inhabitants of Campbelltown.

Received.

PUBLICANS' BILL.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL presented a petition from 28 publicans of the city, stating that they had carefully considered the recommendation of the petition from the Chairman and Committee of the Licensed Victuallers Friendly Association; and although many of these recommendations were excellent, they (the present petitioners) objected most strongly to the allowance of any sort of gambling in public-houses, or to the existence of any power to sue for debts incurred by the supply of liquor, believing that these measures would tend to vice and intemperance.

Petition read and received.

EDUCATION.

Mr. NICHOLS presented a petition from 466 Roman Catholic inhabitants of Maitland, complaining that the community to which they belonged had not received its fair share of the amount appropriated for denominational education, and praying that those funds might be distributed according to the proportion which each religious denomination bore to the population.

Petition received.

HAWKERS' AND PEDLERS' LICENSES.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY laid upon the table a Return to an Address moved by Mr. Nichols, being a return of licenses issued to hawkers and pedlers.

FINANCIAL MESSAGE.

The consideration of the Governor's Financial Message was postponed until Wednesday next, upon the motion of the COLONIAL TREASURER, who stated that this postponement was desired by honorable members, but was made with an understanding that the matter should be gone into on Wednesday.

HAWKERS AND PEDLERS.

The House went into Committee upon the above Bill, and several new clauses, which had been prepared by the COLONIAL SECRETARY, were ordered to be printed. Leave was then given for the Committee to sit again on Thursday.

DISTILLATION BILL.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved that the House do go into Committee on the Bill to prevent unlawful distillation and to provide for the protection of the revenue arising from the duty on spirits.

The House went into Committee on the Bill.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved a series of clauses, granting certain facilities to wine growers, to enable them to distil brandy from wines the produce of their own vineyards, under certain regulations.

The clauses were ordered to be printed, and the House resumed, and the CHAIRMAN reported progress and obtained leave to sit again to-morrow (this day).

ST. PHILIP'S SCHOOL GROUND BILL.

The Council went into Committee for the further consideration of the St. Philip's School Ground Bill.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY proposed a clause to vest the right, title, and interest in this ground in the Right Rev. Wm. Grant Broughton, Bishop of Sydney, which was passed.

The preamble having been agreed to, the Chairman left the chair, and reported the Bill as amended, and it was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time to-morrow (this day).

PUBLICANS' BILL.

The 44th clause, requiring publicans to find entertainment and lodging for travellers, and provender for their horses, was passed.

The 45th clause, prohibiting publicans from allowing any person to get drunk in their houses, or to remain there when drunk, was altered by reducing the penalty to any sum not exceeding £5.

The 46th clause, providing indemnity from distress for rent, &c., of strangers' property in taverns, was passed.

The 47th clause, enacting that no action should be maintained for any liquors illegally supplied, was read, and the ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved an amendment, that no action should be maintained or debt recovered for spirits sold by any publican in less quantities than two gallons.

The Committee divided on the amendment, which was carried by a majority of 14 to 8.

A further amendment was moved by Mr. NICHOLS to give the publican a right to recover for liquors supplied to out-door customers. The amendment was negatived by a majority of 12 to 8.

The clauses, as amended, were ordered to stand part of the Bill.

The 39th clause was then considered, being the clause providing against gambling.

Mr. NICHOLS moved that the words skittle ground or ball court be struck out of the clause. These were manly games, and would be played much more safely on grounds subjected to the surveillance of the police than in private grounds.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. MARTIN moved that the word billiards be struck out of the clause. It was admitted that billiards was a legal game, and he could see no reason why the publican should be obliged to pay a billiard license, when any one else might have a table without paying anything.

The amendment was negatived by a majority of 15 to 7.

The clause was further amended by striking out the words "not less than forty shillings" as applied to the penalties, and making the penalty "any sum not exceeding £20."

Mr. ALLEN moved the proviso allowing billiards to be played in public houses, under permission of the magistrates, on payment of £10.

The amendment was negatived by a majority of 20 to 2.

Mr. MARTIN moved that the sum of £10 for a billiard license be reduced to 5s.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL opposed the motion, which was supported by Mr. WENTWORTH, Mr. NICHOLS, and Mr. LOWE.

The amendment was negatived by a majority of 15 to 8.

The clause as amended was then ordered to stand part of the Bill.

The 48th clause, enacting that licensed publicans should receive payment in money or checks only, was amended by reducing the maximum penalty from £20 to £10.

The clause as amended was ordered to stand part of the Bill.

The 49th clause enacted, that liquors should be sold according to the imperial measure.

The 50th clause, providing that no publican shall retail liquors in the tap, was struck out.

The 51st clause, prohibiting publicans from supplying liquor to aboriginal natives, was opposed by Mr. NICHOLS, upon the ground that this partial legislature was unjust, and that it would not have after all the effect of enforcing any greater amount of sobriety among the blacks. Many of the blacks were industrious, and comparatively civilized, consequently they had a right to equal liberty with the whites. After some further discussion, in which several members expressed similar opinions, the clause was carried, on division, by the casting vote of the Chairman, who was of opinion that according to precedent he was bound to vote in favour of the existing law.

Clause 52, which regulates the hours of selling, was briefly discussed with reference to an amendment proposed by Mr. MARTIN, for extending until ten, the time in the evening to which public-houses should be permitted to remain open. The amendment having been supported by Dr. DICKSON, Mr. ALLEN, and Mr. NICHOLS, and opposed by the ATTORNEY-GENERAL, was carried without division. The night license fee was reduced from £10 to £5, upon the motion of Mr. NICHOLS, which motion was carried on division by a majority of 13 to 7. An amendment, by Mr. NICHOLS, for permitting the sale of spirits on Sundays, and negatived on division by the casting vote of the CHAIRMAN; and an amendment, proposed by Mr. ALLEN, for closing public-houses altogether on Sundays, &c., was also lost. The clause was then adopted.

Clause 53, declaring that if publicans abandoned the management of their licensed houses, the licenses should be forfeited, was adopted.

Clause 54, giving power to Justices and constables to enter public houses, was opposed by Mr. MARTIN, who moved that it be expunged, contending that this was an unnecessary interference with the liberty and comfort of the publicans. The ATTORNEY-GENERAL contended that this power was absolutely necessary to prevent gambling; the harbouring of bad characters; and other disorders of a similar nature.

After a short discussion this clause was postponed, and progress having been reported, leave was obtained for the Committee to sit again on Thursday (this day.)

SPIRITS DUTIES PROTECTION BILL.

The consideration in Committee of the above Bill was postponed until to-day.

REGULATION OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

The Governor's Message No. 36, having been taken into consideration,

The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved the second reading reading of the Bill by which it was accompanied, being a Bill for the more effectual regulation of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

Mr. COWPER thought it would be better if the Government, instead of bringing in an imperfect measure, such as this, were to turn their attention to the preparation of a comprehensive Bill for the assimilating the laws of this colony as to marriage to the laws of England

Mr. NICHOLS agreed that some effectual legislation as to marriages was very desirable, for in fact there was in this colony no law at all relating to the subject. One case had recently occurred where a female who had been pronounced a lunatic, and entitled to property, was carried off; and but for a prompt interference would have been married. Another case was that of a young lady of weak intellect, who had been carried away from school and married, and whose guardian had been compelled to compromise with the husband. Every sect too—even to the gentlemen who wore long beards, and were distinguished by the title of New Israelites, assumed the right of solemnising marriages, and it was hard to say whether any formal act was necessary in this country to render marriages valid. He should like also to enquire whether any account was kept of the enormous sums received by the clergymen for baptisms, marriages, and burials, and whether these receipts were in excess of the amount devoted to religious establishments by the Schedules.

Mr. COWPER complained that among the scattered population whom he represented there was no facility for marrying unless persons could raise the £5 necessary for a license This frequently led to vice, and to prevent such a consequence some remedy ought to be applied.

Mr. LOWE fully agreed with what had been said as to the necessity for a reform of the Marriage Law, but at present it was the registration of marriage and not the marriage law which was under consideration. He thought it would be most desirable, however, that the registration law should be assimilated to that of England; and although the preparation of a Bill for this purpose would be a task of difficulty, still the Registrar-General, who had very little duty to perform, might be very fairly expected to undertake this task.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said that the present bill had been prepared by the Registrar-General for the purpose of ensuring more regularity in the registration of births, marriages, and deaths; and although not so comprehensive a measure as might be desirable, would be likely to work advantageously. He had directed his attention to the propriety of assimilating the Registration laws of this colony to those of England; and he thought that the task, although a difficult one, might very well be performed, if the Registrar-General could undertake it; but it would be desirable to pass this measure for present advantage without waiting for the preparation of a bill which must necessarily be so comprehensive in its details. The fees alluded to were, he believed, the private property of the clergymen who received them, and the Government had no right to interfere with them. It was the practice to take similar fees in England.

Mr. COWPER remarked, that full information as to the fees taken by clergymen of the Church of England would be found in the Blue Book.

The Bill was then read a first time, and was ordered to be printed, and read a second time on Wednesday next.

SECTION 70 OF CORPORATION ACTS SUSPENSION BILL.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved the consideration of the Governor's message, with section 70 of the Corporation Acts Suspension Bill.

The object of this Bill was simply to suspend the police clause in the Sydney and Melbourne Corporation Acts for one year.

The Bill was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Wednesday next.

The Council adjourned at a quarter-past eight till three o'clock this day.

COUNCIL PAPER.

RAILWAYS.

Copy of a Despatch from the Right Honorable Earl Grey to Governor Sir Charles A. Fitz Roy.

(No. 23.)

Downing-street, 8th February, 1849.

Sir,—I have received your Despatch No. 154, of the 14th July last, transmitting a copy of an address of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, and a Report of a Select Committee of the Council appointed to take into consideration the practicability and expediency of introducing railways into the colony. I have given my full consideration to the subject of that Report with an earnest desire to avail myself of any suggestions which might be adopted with advantage to the public and with a prospect of furthering the object in view.

2. I referred a copy of your Despatch and of the Resolutions to the Commissioners for Railways, and I now transmit a copy of a Report which I have received from the Secretary to that Board. That Report tends to confirm me in the opinions which I originally formed on reading the Resolutions of the Council.

3. With regard to the guarantee which the Council proposed should be given by the Legislature for the regular payment to the shareholders for a limited term of years of a dividend at a rate not exceeding six per cent. upon the first £100,000 of the capital subscribed, I am of opinion that the obvious tendency of such guarantees to diminish the motives of a Company to carry on their operations with economy, is a very serious objection to them. I should therefore strongly recommend to the Legislature of New South Wales, if it should determine upon making the general revenue and credit of the colony available towards the proposed undertaking, to adopt a different mode of doing so.

4. It has also been always my opinion that while the plan of remunerating either Companies or Individuals for services they may render to the public by grants of land is often recommended on account of its apparent economy, it is in reality attended with great waste of the public resources. This view of the subject rests on considerations that have often been explained in the Despatches from this department, and I conceive that they apply with full force to the present case. I am convinced that a far more advantageous arrangement might be made with a Company engaged in carrying into effect an object like the present by a direct pecuniary grant than by giving them instead of money a large extent of land with a view to the profit to be derived from the increased value to be given to it by the construction of a line of railway passing through it.

5. It is true that in New South Wales and in countries similarly situated, railways could hardly be expected to prove remunerative unless the increased value they confer upon the lands through which they pass is brought in aid of the receipts which may be calculated upon from such traffic as a comparatively small population can afford. The increased value thus conferred upon land is a legitimate source of profit, and if judiciously made use of may, I believe, be the means of procuring for the inhabitants of a territory as yet but partially settled the inestimable advantage of the facilities for intercourse afforded by railways at a much earlier period than this could otherwise be accomplished. But it is of the utmost importance to the future welfare of the colony that the means adopted for rendering this source of profit available should be those by which the public may obtain the largest return of advantage at the cost of the smallest possible sacrifice of either immediate income or of property which will hereafter become valuable. With this view I am of opinion that the best course which could be adopted by the legislature of New South Wales would be to borrow the money required for the construction of the line, and after its completion to let the working of it to a company by public competition.

6. If this policy should be adopted by the Legislature of New South Wales, while on the one hand it would have to provide the capital required for the construction of the railway, on the other it would retain the advantages both of a more complete control over the work when finished, and of the large receipts which in the course of a few years might fairly be expected from the sale of the land, to which a greatly increased value would have been given. The immediate alienation of the land would in fact be discounting at great sacrifice the amount which might thus hereafter be realised, and the measure would be the more imprudent because the colony undoubtedly possesses the means of raising by a direct loan the money which may be required on very favourable terms. I have already in my despatch of the 18th December, 1847, had occasion to point out the facilities which exist for raising a loan in the colony, by the creation of colonial stock on the credit of the General Revenue, and though it has not been necessary to create such a debt as I then suggested for emigration, still for the reasons I stated in the despatch I have referred to, I am of opinion that it might be very advantageous to the colony to adopt this mode of raising money for productive investment, and there is probably no other mode of outlay which would be equally productive with railways.

7. It may not be superfluous further to remark that this mode of constructing railways and other public works has been adopted to a considerable extent in the United States, many of which now derive a large revenue from the works which have thus been constructed, and have also been enabled to extend with extraordinary rapidity throughout their territory the advantages of this easy and expeditious means of conveyance.

8. It would also be a very important advantage arising from the adoption of the arrangement I have recommended in preference to that suggested by the Legislative Council that by the latter the competition of the sales of land by the Company, with those made on account of the public, would diminish the funds available for emigration just when a new and large demand for labour was created by the work to be undertaken; whereas by the former the whole land revenue, increased as it certainly would be by this undertaking, would remain available for emigration, and the Emigration Commissioners would no doubt be able to send out a large number of labourers accustomed to work upon railways in this country.

If the Council should adopt the course which I have suggested, but should be of opinion that the increased receipts from the sale of lands on the line should rather be applied to pay off the debt incurred in its construction than in emigration, I should be prepared to recommend to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, that of the receipts from the sales of all lands situated within twenty miles on each side of the line, the moiety not appropriated by law to emigration should be devoted to this object.

I enclose a copy of a Report from the Engineer Officers on the Quebec Railways, which tends to throw much doubt on the real economy of a wooden line. I would suggest that this Report should be well considered before adopting any final arrangement on that point.

I have, &c.,
GREY.

[Enclosures referred to in the foregoing Despatch.]

(1.)

Copy of a Letter from the Commissioners of Railways to Herman Merivale, Esq.

Office of Commissioners of Railways,
Whitehall, January 18, 1849.

Sir,—I have been directed by the Commissioners of Railways to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th instant, requesting them to favour Lord Grey with their opinion upon the mode proposed by the Legislative Council of New South Wales for encouraging and facilitating the construction of railroads in that colony, and forwarding copies of the documents connected with the subject.

The Commissioners have carefully considered the several recommendations contained in the address presented to the Governor of the colony by the Legislative Council on the 13th of June last; viz.: 1st. That a Grant of Crown Lands should be made to any Company incorporated by an Act of the Council, not only for the construction of the line, but also to a limited extent of other portions to be selected by the Company as, it is stated, has been done in the American Colonies; 2ndly. That a dividend of 6 per cent. per annum should be guaranteed by the Legislature on the first £100,000 subscribed by the shareholders, security being taken by the Government upon the tolls collected by the Company; and 3rdly. That a part of the Savings Bank deposits, not exceeding £30,000, should be invested in the shares of the Company.

With reference to the first of these recommendations, the Commissioners are of opinion that it would not be expedient to allow a Railway Company to possess any important amount of property upon their line, with the exception of that which may be necessary for the perfect transaction of their business as railway proprietors. So long as their property is limited to the railway, their interest in the development of the resources of each part of the district which it traverses will most probably be the same with that of the public generally, and free from any tendency to favour particular localities. This will not be the case if they are allowed to be extensive owners of property on the line. If, in order to encourage the construction of railways in the colony, it be necessary to hold out as an inducement to companies to undertake them, a share in the additional value given to the Crown lands in their neighbourhood, this should be done without making the companies proprietors of any part of those lands beyond that required for their respective lines; and it does not appear to the Commissioners that there will be any difficulty in making such an arrangement. They therefore consider that, even if a precedent has been afforded by a grant of land in the manner alluded to in North America, this course should not be adopted in Australia; an opinion in unison with that expressed in their letter of the 3rd of June last, on a similar subject, and referred to in your communication.

With respect to the second recommendation, the Commissioners regret that they find some difficulty in completely understanding its intention. They do not perceive how an effective guarantee can be given by the Government to a company, and at the same time that the Government shall be secured by the tolls of the Company; and as the expediency or inexpediency of a Government guarantee must depend almost entirely on the details of the terms upon which it is given, and the mode by which, if any payments are to be made under it, the money for such payments is to be raised, they are unable to give any satisfactory opinion upon this suggestion, but they consider that the terms of a guarantee should not be such as can tend in any way or under any circumstances to diminish the interest of the Company in completing the whole of their original scheme, or in properly working the line afterwards.

With reference to the third recommendation, the Commissioners are unacquainted with the peculiar circumstances of the Savings Bank alluded to; but it appears to them, that shares in a newly formed Railway Company are not likely to prove a proper investment for the deposits in a Savings Bank.

I am instructed to add, that the Commissioners have perused the printed Report of the Select Committee on Railways, forwarded with your letter, and that it does not appear to them to contain sufficient information to enable any one in this country to judge of the expediency of employing capital in the construction of Railways in New South Wales; and that they believe the mode in which the Home Government could at present render most assistance to the colony on this subject would be by directing some competent person who could not be biassed by his interest in making a Report, to report what line or lines of Railway it would be most advisable to construct first; to form estimates of their probable cost, and of the amount of traffic likely to fall upon them; and to trace to the best of his judgment their probable effect upon the colony generally.

I have, &c.,
H. D. HARNESS,
Capt. Royal Engineers.

Police Office.—Dr. Mitchell and Captain Moriarty, the magistrates appointed by the rotation of the roster for the Police Office yesterday, were neither of them in attendance: had it not been that Mr. Josephson on the previous day remanded a couple of cases for further evidence, and was, in consequence, with his usual punctuality, on the bench at the appointed hour to proceed therewith, and afterwards sat to determine several other cases on the business paper, very great inconvenience would have been experienced by both the public and the legal gentlemen engaged, from the neglect of the gentlemen whose duty it was to have been on the bench. About noon his Worship the Mayor took his seat, and was engaged till the rising of the Court at half-past three o'clock, when it was adjourned until ten this (Thursday) morning. Messrs. Moir and Smart are the justices appointed for to-day.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—Wednesday.

Before the three Judges.

Ex parte Byrne.—In the matter of Mobbs.

The Chief Justice delivered the judgment of the Court in this matter as follows:

The questions raised in this case are of importance, as they affect the law of Master and Apprentice in this Colony; and we have, therefore, devoted more time to their consideration, than we should otherwise have thought necessary. They arise upon a Motion for a Mandamus, to be directed to two of the Sydney Magistrates, commanding them to hear and determine the complaint of the applicant, against his indented Apprentice, under the Colonial Act of 8. Vict. No. 2. s. 5, for absconding from his service. The Justices, conceiving that they had no jurisdiction in the case, by reason of its not being within the 1st and 2nd sections of that Act, declined to proceed; in order to afford the Master an opportunity, of bringing the question before this Court for adjudication

It is not disputed, that the instrument is an indenture, or that it is in writing; although, perhaps, either might have been made a question, of more validity than the one formal objection raised—namely, that the mother of the apprentice, in the instrument, is said to execute it in testimony of "*his*" assent. This objection, we need hardly say, is quite untenable. It is obvious, from the context, that the mother executed the deed in token of *her* assent; and the mere clerical error, substituting the wrong gender in the possessive pronoun, is therefore of no importance. On the other points, there is nothing judicially before us, to call for a decision. According to the affidavit, the instrument purports to be an indenture; and it might, therefore, perhaps, be *indented* at any time, if indentation be essential. If the indenture be not wholly *written*, part being printed, we are of opinion that, notwithstanding the words ("legally bound by written indenture") in the Act, the instrument would not thereby, even in cases within the second section, be rendered inoperative.

There are, however, two substantial objections taken to the indenture. The mother, who executed it, is admitted to have been at the time a widow; and therefore entitled to execute any such deed, as the boy's parent. But she does not thereby herself bind him apprentice; nor does the instrument import, that he is bound by himself and her jointly. The lad alone binds himself; and she *assents* to such binding. This, it was objected, is not what s. 2 of the Act requires; the words there being, "all apprentices legally bound, by written indenture, *by their parents or guardians*, or other persons" as thereinafter provided. The other objection is, that whereas s. 1 requires the age of an apprentice to be above twelve years, the indenture does not state such age.

There is nothing in the last objection. The first, however, would be a fatal one; if s. 5 of the Act extended to such cases, only, as seem to have been contemplated by the second. But it was submitted by Mr. Brenan, on behalf of the Master, and we think correctly, that—whatever may have been intended by the Legislature, or whatever was their design in the first and second sections,—there is nothing in the Act to limit or restrict apprenticeships; and that, consequently, the remaining sections extend to every case of legal apprenticeship, (the cases mentioned in s. 9 excepted,) however constituted.

What was in fact the object of the second section, we are hardly prepared—nor is it necessary, now to determine. It is peculiarly worded, and leaves the question open to debate, not merely whether a "written indenture" can be dispensed with, in cases within that section, but what apprentices will be "legally bound," and whether they can, by "their parents or guardians" alone, be so bound.—And, if by any means legally bound, the provision that they shall not afterwards leave their masters, was unnecessary. The power of the Magistrates, in like manner, given by s. 4, is left equally uncertain. Was it intended, for instance, that a lad having no parent alive, or none resident in the colony, or no parent or guardian who would act, or from lunacy or other such cause could act, should not be able to bind himself?—Or, where there is no parent or guardian, was it meant that, whether the lad consents or not, two Magistrates should have power to bind him? Be the cases, however, which these sections were framed to embrace, what they may, it appears to us that sections 4. and 5. are not restricted to them; but include all cases of apprenticeship, valid by any other law.

The 8 Vic. No. 2. does not repeal any of the previous Acts, regulating the law of Master and Apprentice, except as to the punishments provided for misbehaviour; and the 9. G. IV. No. 8. (the fourth section of which, it is clear, contemplates the existence of the ordinary law of apprenticeship, in this colony.) is left untouched. The 4th and 5th sections, moreover, of the 8th Vic. No. 2, are in the most general words. They provide, in terms, for complaints against "*any*" apprentice; not, merely, "any such apprentice as aforesaid"—such, that is to say, as have been bound by written indenture, by their parents or guardians, or two magistrates, or were above twelve years of age when bound. If only such cases had been included, there would have been no means provided by law, for punishing absconding, or misbehaviour, in cases falling within the 10 Geo. IV. No. 4, or the 5 Will. IV. No. 3.

By the law of England, we do not find that the express assent of a Parent, previously declared, is essential to an apprenticeship. The Father, indeed, or after his death the Mother, or a Guardian duly appointed, has ordinarily the care and disposition of an Infant's person; and may, therefore, we presume, dissent from and repudiate any such contract, to which no assent (expressly or by implication, as by knowledge and acquiescence, or otherwise,) shall have been given. It has, however, repeatedly been decided, that (subject, we conceive, to the powers of dissent and reclamation just mentioned,) an infant may bind himself as an apprentice. We need not cite the cases to this effect, which are numerous. It will be sufficient to mention, only, the King v. Arundel, 5. M. and S. 257, and the King v. Great Wigston, 3. B. and C. 484; referred to by Mr. Brenan. On the other hand, a parent cannot by law bind out his child, (notwithstanding an authority in Com. Dig. to the contrary, title 'Justices' B. 55,) without the consent of the child. This was resolved in the King v. Arnesby, 3. B. and A. 585. If, then, the important alteration was intended by the Act in question, s. 2, that every binding must be by the parent, (or guardian, if there be no parent,) or that the infant need not be a concurring and executing party, in such binding, the will of the Legislature should have been expressed, as to each case, in clear and unambiguous terms.

For these several reasons, we are of opinion that the 5th section of the 8. Vic. No. 2, under which the Master in this case complained to the Justices, applied to the apprenticeship mentioned in the affidavits; and that consequently, as the absconding in question was a new or continuing act, in respect of which there had been no previous adjudication, the Magistrates ought to have proceeded to hear, and determine, the matter of such complaint.

In Insolvency.

Before the full Court.

The Chief Commissioner moved, that the certificates granted in the following estates be confirmed, viz., in the estate of John Walden, Eleanor M'Casy Richardson, and John Parton, senior.

Granted.

R. J. Want v. J. T. Hughes.

It may be remembered that this was an application by the plaintiff to compulsorily sequestrate the estate of the defendant. The report of the application, and the judgment of the Court, appeared in the *Herald* of last Thursday. It will have been gathered from it that the application had been partially heard on a day prior to the Wednesday on which the arguments were concluded. On the first day the application came on, an argument ensued as to whether the Court could entertain the then proposed inquiry, whether the defendant had an estate or no, it being alleged that he had not any, as he was then an uncertificated insolvent. The Court, however, intimated that such an inquiry could be entertained. The learned counsel (Mr. Broadhurst) who appeared for the creditor, was understood then to say, that to save the time of the Court being taken up in having that inquiry gone into, he would admit that the defendant was an uncertificated insolvent. The defendant had another defence to the application, which was not then gone into, the hour at which the Court usually adjourns, having arrived. The matter then stood over by consent until yesterday week. Upon its being then called on in the usual way, by the officer of the Court, no one appeared on behalf of the defendant, and the Court ordered the estate of the defendant to be sequestrated, on the ground that there was no evidence before the Court that the now defendant was identical with Mr. John T. Hughes, the uncertificated insolvent. The report in the *Herald* contained the above admission of Mr. Broadhurst's, as also the ground on which the judgment of the Court proceeded

The Chief Justice on the morning of the day on which the report appeared, upon taking his seat on the bench, made some allusion to the alleged inconsistency in the report of the above proceedings, which drew from Mr Broadhurst an explanation to this effect: that true it was he had made the admission as to the defendant having no certificate, but did not do so unqualifiedly, having done so for the sake of argument, &c. This latter correction also appeared in a subsequent impression of the *Herald*

Mr. Lowe now, on behalf of the defendant, after alluding to the above facts, moved, either that the Court do at once open the order sequestrating the estate, or grant a rule nisi calling upon the plaintiff to show cause why that order should not be set aside. In support of the application he read the affidavit of the defendant, to the effect that he was present during the arguments which were had on the first day, that he heard Mr. Broadhurst admit, absolutely and without any conditions, that he the deponent was an uncertificated insolvent; that he did not instruct counsel on the second day, thinking that in the face of the admission already made, the Court would not accede to the application, and that he was surprised that the admission had been retracted. Mr. Billyard's affidavit, he being the attorney of the defendant, was also read, which went to the effect that according to the defendant's belief, the admission was made without any condition attached. Mr. Lowe also said, from what he remembered of what took place, he was under the impression that the admission had been made without any conditions, and certainly if the arguments had been proceeded with on that day, he would submit the Court would have acted upon it.

After some conversation from the different members of the Bench, with Mr. Lowe and Mr. Broadhurst respectively, as to what were their own impressions as to the nature of the admissions,

Mr. Michie, as *amicus curiæ*, suggested, that a rule *nisi* ought to be granted upon the affidavits now read, and upon the ground of the defendant's misapprehension as to the admission.

The Court adopted this suggestion, and granted a rule *nisi*, calling upon the plaintiff to show cause why the order for placing the defendant's estate under sequestration should not be set aside, and which was made returnable next Wednesday.

In the estate of John Hosking.

On a former day, a rule was obtained by one Morris Castles, a creditor to the estate, calling upon the trustees of the estate to show cause why they should not file an account and plan of distribution of the assets come to their hands. From the affidavit, it appeared that they had filed no plan of distribution at all, though they had filed an account: it also appeared, that the trustees had assets of the estate in their possession to the amount of some two or three thousand pounds.

Messrs. Broadhurst and Michie appeared to move the rule absolute.

Mr. Fisher showed cause: He admitted the right of this Court to compel trustees to file plans of distribution, and if they should omit to do so, after being properly cited to do so, that they might be punished; but he would submit here the circumstances of the case would not justify the Court in interfering at all, even to call upon the trustees to file an account and plan of distribution. In the first place he submitted, that the affidavit on which the rule was obtained, was most meagre, and to say the least of it, very suspicious; it was scarcely to be imagined that this creditor was making this application bonâ fide, and simply for his own benefit. The learned counsel secondly read an affidavit made by the trustees, wherein they swore that they had for some time past, a sum of about £2,860 standing in one of the Banks to the credit of the estate. That they had under the directions of the creditors, of whom the present applicant was one of the assenting, commenced, continued, and were now carrying on, certain law proceedings for the benefit of the estate; these proceedings and others taken and adopted at the suggestion of the creditors duly convened, it was sworn, prevented them, and would prevent them from filing a final plan of distribution in the estate until those proceedings were finally completed. It was lastly contended, that the trustees had done all that the Act had required of them, for they had filed an account; but the applicant, it was sworn, had never applied to see it, as it was suggested he ought to have done before making this application.

The learned counsel on the other side were stopped by the Court from replying.

His Honor the Chief Justice said, the Court were quite clear, that the trustees ought to file the account and plan of distribution asked for; but that a month ought to be allowed them for that purpose, and that neither party ought to have the costs of this application.

The full Court will sit to-day at ten o'clock to further hear the arguments in Brietley v. Binns.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

Wednesday.

Before W. H. Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of Robert Nairn, a special meeting: the following claims were proved; The Australian Gas Light Company, £10 5s.; H. J. Yarrow, £8 18s. 3d

Meetings to-day.

In the estate of A. and S. Lyons, a special meeting at half-past 10.

In the estate of George Little, an adjourned single meeting, at 11.

In the estate of John Hosking, an adjourned special meeting, at noon.

CONSISTORIAL COURT.

Yesterday the Consistorial Court of the Bishop of Sydney was assembled in the vestry of St. James's Church; and was attended by the Registrar of the Diocese, James Norton, Esq., in accordance with the Canon. The Bishop of Newcastle sat on the right hand of the Metropolitan, and the Archdeacon of Cumberland on his left. There was also present a rather numerous assemblage, both of clergy and laity. The proceedings consisted in recording the sentence passed by the Bishop upon the Rev. F. T. C. Russell, minister of St. Mark's, Alexandria, for the following offences against discipline:—1. For having, on Trinity Sunday last, when attending at the Church of St. Andrew for the purpose of being ordained priest, delivered to the Bishop a letter of an insulting nature, and tending to excite strife and offence, contrary to his duty as a deacon, especially at such a time and in such a place. 2. For having by a question addressed to the Rev. Mr. Naylor, columniously attributed to him, and to the Rev. W. H. Walsh, a confederacy in some design to debar Mr. Russell from the priesthood. 3. For having printed and circulated under his signature an insinuation that a Romanising clique and an unprincipled party had engaged in the like combination to the detriment of Mr. R., and a plain assertion that he condemned the Romish teaching which had taken place in St. James's College. His Lordship entered at considerable length into the proofs which were to be relied on in support of these charges; in refutation of which no sufficient evidence had been tendered by Mr. Russell. That the letter delivered by him to the Bishop was intended to insult was deduced from a review of Mr. Russell's demeanour and conduct on the preceding day, Saturday, 2nd June, when during his attendance on the Bishop for the purpose of taking the oaths and making the subscriptions required by the rules of the Church, he had conducted himself in a manner very disrespectful in presence of the Bishop, in consequence of the latter refusing to admit Mr. Beamish to an interview, or to Holy Orders, at that time; and it was shown, by a statement of the Deputy Registrar, that he had quitted his office with an expressed determination that all must be published, and other intimations betokening a spirit of revenge. That at a later hour on the same day, the Rev. T. R. Naylor had occasion to pay a visit to the Rev. Mr. Russell, the nature of which has been already made public, and that during this interview Mr. Russell's conversation turned on ecclesiastical law, and who among the barristers was best acquainted with it; and he also expressed a desire to know whether such cases were reported, and where he could obtain a copy of the trial in a case between a clergyman of this diocese and the Bishop against whom Mr. Russell stated the former had recovered heavy damages. The Bishop said that rather than enter into the question whether Mr. Naylor or Mr. Russell had most correctly stated the purport of their conversation, he would abide wholly by the report given of it by the latter; and from this His Lordship proceeded to show that the motives stated by Mr. Russell for his making such enquiries, and desiring to obtain Burn's Ecclesiastical Law at that time, could not be the true and genuine ones; inasmuch as every reason which he assigned had long ceased to operate. It was also scarcely credible, said his Lordship, although it was unquestionably true, that the entire statement as to any such action having been brought by any clergyman against the Bishop was false from beginning to end. No such thing had ever occurred, or had ever before been heard of. It was, therefore, impossible not to attribute Mr. Russell's ready belief of its occurrence to any other cause than to a prevailing ill-feeling towards the Bishop, and a desire to turn everything in the utmost degree to his disadvantage: and this furnished the key to his conduct on the subsequent day, which could be regarded only as a violation of the engagements entered into by every Deacon at his ordination, and must be visited with due severity, or all discipline must be overthrown.

On the second charge it was observed that the interval which had since passed was quite sufficient to enable Mr. Russell to collect and furnish the Bishop with proofs, if any existed, in support of his open accusation of Mr. Walsh; or else to retract and apologise for it. Mr Russell had done neither; but although Mr. Walsh had written to him a most pacific and conciliatory letter, earnestly desiring to know in what manner he had given him offence, it had been contemptuously passed over without notice or reply. Happily, his Lordship observed, the character of Mr. Walsh was so well established that no one would for an instant give the least credit to the accusation brought against him. Still the character of every clergyman was the public property of the Church, and the bishop was unwillingly compelled to insist upon Mr. W. obtaining that reparation to which he was justly entitled; or to punish Mr. Russell for having so maligned him. As to the charge under the third head, his Lordship observed it stood upon different grounds from the other two. No evidence was required in proof of them, as the Bishop had personally witnessed the facts; and it was, therefore, useless to call upon Mr. Russell to defend himself as regarded them. But in the other case there was this difference, that Mr. Russell might have it in his power to furnish proof that a Romanizing clique, or unprincipled party, had combined to debar him from ordination. He had, therefore, placed the matter in the hands of the Archdeacon and two other clergymen; directing them to receive from Mr. Russell any statements which he might be desirous of putting in, in support of his assertion, which, if so supported by evidence, he might be justified in publishing, but not otherwise. It was not until the 19th instant that he had been able to obtain such statement from Mr. Russell; and having since attentively read and considered it, he must pronounce his judgment to be that it contained no proof or justification of the assertion that a Romanizing clique or unprincipled party had in any manner combined to injure Mr. Russell. It must be the pure effect of imagination that the latter so believed. The course taken by him was to state reasons in support of the persuasion that there existed a Tractarian party in the Church of England. It might be so. He (the Bishop) did not mean to dispute it. But this was wide of the question put to Mr. Russell, which was how he would show that he had grounds of complaint against such a party, not in the Church of England; but here, in this Diocese. These two positions were evidently quite distinct; and of that which was really the point pressed upon him, namely, the endeavours to debar him from ordination, not a shadow of proof had been offered. In support of the existence of a Tractarian party in this diocese, one or two circumstances were urged. The first of such overt acts was the baptism by the incumbent of a Sydney parish, of an individual in holy orders, in presence of two other clergymen: which was a Tractarian proceeding it was said. The Bishop would not deny that it was an irregular act, and opposed to the dogmas of the Church. He had so fully stated his opinion upon this subject in his charge to the clergy, in 1841, (a year after the occurrence of this baptism), and the decision which he then laid down had been so universally accepted and acted upon ever since, that he could not but question the utility or justice of bringing forward at this time a circumstance so remote in date. It was plain that even if this act denoted a Tractarian feeling in 1840, it could not afford any proof that the same feeling continued in 1849. But in reality this repetition of baptism, upon the plea that the party by whom it was administered was not duly ordained, was not of Tractarian origin; but came from the directly opposite quarter, the ultra-puritans in the reign of Elizabeth, who first maintained, in opposition to the Church of England, that the minister was an essential part of the Sacrament; or that unless he were a true minister he could not give a true Sacrament. But before Mr. Russell brought forward this case he ought to have known that the ground upon which the baptism had been administered here was not any sympathy with the Tracts, but a charitable desire to give comfort to one who entertained a strong apprehension that his own baptism was invalid. The compliance with that feeling was wrong; but the motive was charitable, and Mr. Russell should in candour have stated that the person who gave him information of the circumstance was the very incumbent who had ministered, who at the same time expressed his deep regret at having done so, a regret in which all now participated. What would Mr. Russell think if a recent act of his, done from a charitable feeling, but totally at variance with the order of the Church, were to be brought forward years hence in proof that there was a party here disposed to Presbyterianize the Church, and that he belonged to it? Another fact relied on was, the publication of a pamphlet about six years since in which Tractarian, if not even Romish views were advocated; which was sold at the Depository of the Diocesan Committee; the editor of which being then in deacon's orders, was afterwards admitted to the priesthood, and appointed to the Cathedral parish. Mr. Russell apparently must have exercised a large share of curiosity in collecting together so many minute particulars, but every one of the statements was wrong. The editor of the pamphlet was ordained priest in December, 1842; the publication did not take place till the December following. He (the Bishop) was at that time absent on a distant visitation, and he confessed had lost sight of the publication altogether. If he had even seen it, he certainly had never paid particular attention to it until his observation was drawn to it by an anonymous letter which he had still in his possession, dated in June, 1844. He then read the book, and certainly found in it some objectionable matter; but the book had then fallen into oblivion, and he saw no good purpose likely to arise from bringing it afresh into general notice. As to its sale in the Depository he did not remember having heard of it before. But if it were so it could have arisen only from

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some remissness; as it would be contrary to the rules of the Committee, and he was quite sure could not have been continued with their knowledge or sanction. As to the Romish teaching at Lyndhurst, there really was so little to support the charge that he could not but wonder it should ever have been brought forward. He had heard in that very room the statement upon which it was assumed to rest, and he might appeal to his venerable friend the Archdeacon, and to the other clergymen who were present at the time, whether they ever listened to a less convincing statement. He would read to them a statement in contradiction, signed by the three clergymen who were fellow-students at Lyndhurst, about May, 1847, when Mr. Sconce was delivering a course of lectures, in which he was charged with affirming that in his opinion the tenets of the Council of Trent on Justification were more evangelical and accordant with Scripture, than those of the Thirty-nine Articles. He did not believe that Mr. Sconce did at that time make, or would have made any such avowal. He had many reasons for thinking the contrary. But in addition to his own persuasion, he had the explicit declaration of the Rev. Messrs. Macarthur, Hassall, and Priddle, that no such sentiment was ever uttered during the lectures in their presence or hearing. It is impossible, they say, that any such expression should have been used without some of them noticing it at the time; and they were in the habit of meeting together after lecture to compare their recollections of the instruction they had received. Had any such sentiment been advanced they must have recollected it; and had they done so would have felt it their duty to mention it to the Principal. This was all that was alleged in support of the accusation of Romish teaching at Lyndhurst; and he (the Bishop) thought it might very well be dismissed without further notice. In Mr. Russell's statement concerning a Romanising party, there were many allusions and insinuations, but no facts or clear statements; and he would therefore not enter at any greater length into a review of them. He was quite satisfied Mr. Russell had altogether failed to afford proof of the existence at this time of any such party here; and equally so of any confederacy on the part of any number of persons to exclude him from ordination. He considered the perpetual repetition of charges of this nature had a most injurious effect upon the public mind, as it engendered suspicion, distressed and unsettled the minds of church-people; and he must consider that the Church was betrayed and undermined by the propagators of such rumours; especially if clergymen. He considered this charge as of the gravest character, by far, of all; and as Mr. Russell was clearly shown to have set forth such accusations without sufficient proof, or without any proof at all, he must consider this in the sentence he had now to pronounce, which was, that Mr. Russell be suspended *ab officio*, and inhibited from discharging any of the offices of a deacon for three months; and further, until he made due acknowledgment of his fault to the Bishop. The Court then broke up.

It was afterwards intimated to Mr. Russell by the Registrar, that this sentence was passed by the Bishop to mark strongly his displeasure at the violations of discipline which had taken place: but that in case Mr. Russell still had any concessions to offer, or grounds to urge why the sentence should be reconsidered, he (the Registrar) would be in attendance at the Vestry on Monday, for the purpose of receiving such representations, which would obtain the full degree of attention to which they should appear to be entitled. It was stated to be the intention of the Bishop to entrust the duties at St. Mark's to the Rev. R. Allwood, and the Rev. George King, of St. Andrew's, during the continuance of Mr. Russell's suspension, the Rev. G. F. Macarthur having charge of the parochial school, and the duty of visiting the sick. It was also understood that the reason of the judgment upon the Rev. P. T. Beamish not having been pronounced at the same time was, that he expressed his purpose not to officiate, as he had stated his intention of doing, notwithstanding the withdrawal of the Bishop's license; and that expectations are held out of his making such other acknowledgments as may be satisfactory to his Diocesan.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. G. A. LLOYD.—At the City Mart, at 11 o'clock, Frying Pans, Horse Nails, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, Fool-cap Paper, Wine Glasses, Volatile Salts, Hops, Carbonate Soda, &c.

MR. R. FAWCETT.—At his Rooms, at half past 10 o'clock, a Drapers' Stock, Blankets, Moleskin Trousers, Scotch Twill Shirts, &c.

MR. STUBBS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, a Farm at the Hawkesbury.

MR. C. NEWTON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Dolls, Baskets, Brushes, Knives, Sheep-shears, Looking Glasses, &c.

MR. E. SALAMON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, English Cheese, Pickles, Mustard, assorted Paste, Salad Oil, Bath Bricks, Jams, Sperm Candles, Fresh Salmon, Brandy, Whiskey, Gin, &c.

MR. MORT.—At his stores, at 11 o'clock, Tallow, Hides, Wool, Sheepskins, Bacon; at his Rooms, at 12 o'clock, the cutter Georgiana, 35 tons, also, 431 Head Cattle, and Double-bodied Phaeton.

GENERAL DEALERS.—In the course of the investigation of the charge against Watt and Chambers a few days ago for the robbery at Bungarrabbee, Inspector Burrows produced a silver watch, two gold rings, and a gold key, which he had found at the residence of a general dealer named Goulding. These were subsequently identified by Mr. Kellie as part of the property stolen from his residence on the occasion referred to, and he valued them at about £8. Robert Goulding, in his evidence, deposed that these articles were brought to him by the prisoner Watt on the 18th June, and pawned to him for 20s.; Watt wanted 30s., but he refused to advance so much. It would appear that that were discovered just in time: for (if Goulding transacts business on the same terms with other "general dealers," who have before the Police Bench described their mode) in a few days more the month would have expired, when the amount of profit Goulding would have realised by the forfeiture and sale of the goods would almost have exceeded the power of numbers.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On Monday morning two men, named Stokes and Slater, were given into the custody of Constable Halliday, charged with highway robbery. It appears that on Sunday night one James Carter, was proceeding to his residence on the Botany Road, when two men came up to him not far from his place of abode, knocked him down, and stripped him of a jacket, a vest, a cap, and a handkerchief, with which they made off. The charge has been partly gone into, and the prisoners stand remanded until this morning.

ALLEGED FELONY.—Two men, named respectively John Bartlett and Richard Bartlett, father and son, were on Tuesday apprehended by Constable Kerwin, of the Sydney Police, on a charge of felony preferred against them by one Robert Battley, of Windmill-street, and yesterday the case came on for hearing. The prosecutor deposed that on Monday afternoon the two prisoners went to his house for the purpose of purchasing some clothes for the elder, who tried on a jacket, and some other articles; the prosecutor went away for the purpose of procuring pen and paper for the elder prisoner to write an order on his employers for the amount of a previous debt; while he was away the prisoners left his premises; they were to have paid, he said, for the clothes before they were taken away; late at night they drove up to the house in a cab, the fare of which he paid; they slept there, and on the following morning he asked for payment of the amount of the purchase-money; he was told to go to hell for payment; he then taxed them with having robbed him, and procured a warrant for their apprehension. Mr. Redman appeared for the defence, and submitted that whatever remedy the prosecutor had, he had mistaken it in causing the apprehension of the prisoners for a felony; it was a matter of sale and delivery, and if he had got the money, there would have been an end of the complaint. The proper course for him was by a civil action for the debt which was open to him, and the prisoners ought to be discharged. His Worship concurred in Mr. Redman's view of the case, and the prisoners were discharged accordingly.

VIOLENT ASSAULT.—A man named Summerfield, residing at O'Connell Town, was apprehended about 4 o'clock yesterday morning by Inspector Smith, for a violent assault on a man named Parker; the injuries inflicted are such that Parker's recovery from the effects thereof is extremely improbable. The prisoner alleges that the assault was committed by him in consequence of finding his wife with Parker, under circumstances highly calculated to lead to such an occurrence.

STEALING SHOW GOODS.—On Tuesday afternoon, about twenty yards of Scotch plaid, of the value of forty shillings, was stolen from the door of Miss Dyer's shop in Pitt street. On the same day, a doeskin frock coat, of the value of £2 5s. was stolen from the shop door Mr. Reedy, of George street tailor; and a man of colour, named Clark, was discovered in the act of stealing a jacket from the shop of Mr. Folk, of Lower George-street. He was given into custody of the police, and yesterday was committed to take his trial for the theft.

BURGLARIES.—Between the hours of six and ten on Tuesday evening, the house occupied by Mr. Robert Phenna, in Campbell street, Surry Hills, was entered by means of false keys, and a quantity of wearing apparel, of the value of £9 or £10 was stolen therefrom.—Between the hours of seven and nine on the same evening, the residence of Mr. Knox, of Bathurst-street, was entered, also by means of false keys, during the absence of the inmates. The thieves forced open a chest of drawers and abstracted thence money, in bank notes and silver, to the amount of £70.

UNRESERVED SALE OF CATTLE.—SCHOONER GEORGIANA.—Mr. Mort calls the attention of the public to his sales as advertised, of 431 head of cattle, without any reserve whatever: and of the cutter Georgiana.—Communicated.

TO COACH MANUFACTURERS, OILMEN AND OTHERS.—The attention of the trade is particularly requested to the important sale of varnishes and general merchandise to be held without reserve, by Mr. George A. Lloyd, at the City Mart, this morning, at 11 o'clock.—Communicated.

ENGLISH NEWS.

LADIES' FASHIONS FOR APRIL.

VISITING DRESS.—A dress of dark blue slate-coloured silk, the skirt trimmed with sixteen rows of narrow silk fringe, put on in fours, at a little distance from each other; the high close-fitting corsage is trimmed to match the skirt, with narrow silk fringe; rounded point to the waist; small round cape, edged with two rows of fringe; tight long elbow sleeves, finished with plain deep cambric cuffs, made quite round. Capote of crimson velvet, lined with white satin, and fullings of white tulle; strings of white satin, the exterior simply decorated with a broad lappet of black lace, tied under the chin.

BALL DRESS.—A dress of a rose-coloured satin; the skirt covered with a jupe of white tulle, looped up on either side of the front with bouquets of beautiful pink flowers and foliage; the pointed satin body is adorned with bouffants of white tulle, caught in the centre with a bouquet to match those on the skirt; very short full sleeves, looped up in the centre with a pink blossom, and edged round the lower part with blond; the hair decorated with two clusters similar to those on the skirt.

EVENING COSTUME.—A dress of white organdi; the waist and point of a moderate length; the front of the corsage is full from the point; the deep cape a la berthe falls entirely over the plain short sleeve; the skirt is extremely full and very long; narrow silk stripes of coral colour, woven in the material, go round the dress, reaching nearly to the waist; the berthe is trimmed to correspond.

MORNING COSTUME.—A dress of thin muslin, embroidered with very fine wool; the corsage is very low and plain, the waist and point of a moderate length; the cape, which reaches to the waist at the back, falls low on the shoulder, takes the form of a stomacher in the front, and is narrowed off to a point, which does not reach so low as the point of the waist; the skirt is very long and full; there are four deep flounces, en bias; they are set on a la robe, leaving the front breadth of the dress plain; the edges are scolloped. Chemisette of rich worked muslin, with full sleeves to correspond.

HEAD-DRESSES are becoming rather lighter in their style and appearance; for instance, we have a very fanciful little head dress, formed of puffs, and ornamented with with lace of a particular description: others intermixed with gold lace, in the Spanish, Italian, and Arabian style.

CAPS.—Nothing can be more piquant and becoming than the present style of cap; for instance, how light and fairy-like are those composed of silk tulle bouillonne, or fulled, and having rows or strings of small daisies, the myosotis, or Pompon roses; two wide lappets of plain tulle descend upon each side of the cap, which is placed very far back on the head. Those of a perfectly round form are most generally worn; but as the warm weather advances, we have no doubt that open crowns will be preferred.

BONNETS.—It is now quite decided that the forms of bonnets should remain this spring the same as they are at present, that is, round and open, of course the size varying according to the countenance of the fair wearer, taking care to avoid its being too large; the interior is mostly decorated with *ruches* of blond whilst the exterior is entirely ruches, with a petite very open blond, festonee at the edge, and giving quite a showy effect to the bonnet.

PELERINES are too becoming and convenient not to be fashionable; the shapes of these elegant additions to the lady's costume are perfectly simple, and fall straight round over the shoulders; their effect being considerably enhanced by a coulisse or running of the same material as the cape, through which is passed a pretty light ribbon; these runnings are of a zigzag form, forming a kind of wave.

FASHIONABLE COLOURS.—Lighter hues prevail, green, lilac, and fawns being several shades lighter than those worn last month; peach, violet, and other colours are now prettily blended, whilst white predominates for evening costumes.

MR. COBDEN ON COLONIAL REFORM.

(From a Speech to the Electors of the West Riding.)

You know what my motion about retrenchment is. It is a very simple case. I put it before Parliament, and I was sorry you found your representative in so small a minority. But I beg you distinctly to understand that I was in good company. (Cheers.) I had Lancashire with me—I had the metropolis with me—I had Edinburgh and Glasgow with me—I had Middlesex with me. Of all the large towns only Liverpool—"a strange anomaly," seeing that financial reform commenced there, and Sheffield, rather peculiarly situated (a laugh) plumped against me. (Cheers.) Sheffield voted against me under peculiar circumstances, which you will understand; but that won't occur again. (Cheers.) I am very anxious that you in the West Riding should understand this, and if you will take the trouble to analyze the places whence my supporters came, you will find that enlightened and free public opinion was with me on that motion as certainly as it ever was with Mr. Villiers before Sir R. Peel took up free trade in corn; and I may boldly say that I never expect to be in a majority in reducing our expenditure to the standard of 1835. Government will take care of that, as they did on the Corn Laws; they will do the work themselves. (Cheers.) If we were in the majority, the Queen would have to send for us (cheers), and that would not suit them. (Cheers.) Some Government must do it for us. To be sure our right hon. friend and neighbour Sir Charles Wood has only made a beginning—that is his policy. It is intended only as an encouragement for us to go on. Perhaps he could not do more for us this time, but it is quite plain what he means if you persevere, especially in the West Riding. A great deal more will be done next year, and it will be all done as soon as possible. (Loud cheers.) What I proposed was to go back as speedily as possible to the expenditure of 1835. No answer was given to the facts I stated, viz., that the successive increases of our expenditure for armaments had all been occasioned by special circumstances, which have all passed away. (Cheers.) I stated other changes, which I hope will engage the attention of the West Riding. I want to enlist you in two or three practical questions, but which our opponents will call Utopias. (Cheers.) Utopias? The West Riding has a knack of making Utopias realities. (Cheers.) The West Riding made Clarkson's Utopias for the abolition of the slave trade a reality. The West Riding made Wilberforce's Utopias for abolition of slavery a reality. You made what was called madness in 1839 reality in 1849. (Cheers.) I want you to take up my other Utopias. (Cheers.) One of them is to reduce the expenditure by means which seem to follow naturally out of our free-trade struggle. I want you to raise the cry for colonial reform. (Cheers.) Depend upon it you are as much interested in carrying out reform in our colonial system as the colonies themselves, or as you are in our own municipal affairs, because it is only by the reform of your colonial system that you can ever hope largely to reduce your present expenditure, or be in a position to be safe against an overwhelming expenditure from any accidental cause that may arise. You may have another war in Caffraria or New Zealand. We must have our colonies put in a totally different position; we must raise the cry of "self-government for the colonies." Don't give a feeble response to that under the idea, industriously spread abroad, that something tending to a dismemberment of the empire is involved in giving our colonial fellow-subjects self-government. As Englishmen they are entitled to it. If you don't separate yourselves from the dominant class—if there be a dominant class, for it is hardly fashionable to say there is (cheers)—if you don't separate yourselves from them in their attempt to keep the colonies as a field of patronage for their younger sons, and that the aristocracy may nominate the Government, you will have wars without end with your colonial fellow-subjects. English people, whether in North America, at the Cape of Good Hope, in New Zealand, in Australia, or in the West Riding of Yorkshire, will govern themselves. (Cheers.) You cannot take up a newspaper from any point of the compass without meeting complaints in every direction. I do not wish to be thought attacking the noble Lord at the head of the Colonial Office. I do not attack Earl Grey. I have a high respect for his personal honour, and for his moral courage and independence. He was one of the first that boldly advocated our principles of free trade. (Cheers.) Some of you recollect he abandoned office rather than lend himself to compromise on the slavery question. (Cheers.) Such a man is entitled to our respect. I make no charge against Mr. Hawes, a man of business from amongst ourselves, who industriously and honourably fills an office under Government. What I do find fault with is, that men should allow themselves to be put in office to do impossibilities; it would require omnipotence and omnipresence almost to be able from a street in London to govern more than forty dependencies in every latitude. Suppose we had to send up to Sir George Grey to have his authority for everything we do in municipal affairs, would we tolerate such a thing! And yet we have railway transit that performs the distance between this and London in six hours, and by the telegraph that will communicate with the metropolis in a minute you can talk with the Home Office, and yet you would not tolerate its interference in Wakefield, Leeds, or Manchester. How, then, do you think that in Downing-street they can govern the people of New Zealand and Australia? Before they can exchange communications, ten to one the object of those communications will have passed away. It is utterly absurd, and it is impossible for the interest of the colonies, with the inalienable right of Englishmen and the rights of our own interests, that they should be kept in a state of pupilage any longer. If the colonies require our soldiers as a police they must pay for it; they must pay every farthing required for their own defence and their own government; nor would they grumble to do so if we only gave them self government. No doubt I hear Lord J. Russell meets Sir W. Molesworth on this subject with an objection which, with all deference and respect, has shown me more than any thing else that Lord John is not quite equal to the position in which he is placed. I refer to the puerile levity with which he treated those profound arguments and most carefully collected facts which Sir William Molesworth and others brought forward on this subject. He said twice since, "You want something totally different from me; you want to dismember the empire; you want to make this great united empire a smaller empire by getting rid of your colonies one by one. You are going the right way to accomplish your object." Is it right to treat this question in such a spirit? What is free trade for, if it be not carried out to its legitimate ends? There are some statesmen of our days who think the only object of the Reform Bill or the abolition of the Corn Laws was to place them in power (cheers), and that when once in power they are to remain there. The country is to be satisfied that they are there. They console themselves with the belief that the country wants nothing but that they shall be there, and they are utterly incompetent, or, what is the same thing in effect, they are unwilling to carry out legitimately those principles by which they have acquired power, and of which they professed to be the champions. (Cheers.) Our colonies are subjected to an enormous expenditure in order that Government may exercise the patronage. We have five colonial governors and a governor in our North American colonies with salaries amounting to £17,000 a-year, while the United States, with 30 governors, paid only £14,300, our colonies having a population of 2,000,000, and the United States, 20,000,000. (Cheers.) The last appointment made by the United States was of a Governor of California, with a salary of £600 our last appointment was the Governor of Labuan, with £2000 a-year. The hon. gentleman then urged at great length the necessity of greatly reducing our armaments, insisting on the policy of arbitration instead of war. He also urged the formation of a convention between England and France and America, to prevent the indefinite increase of our naval force, and concluded an eloquent speech by calling on his friends to attend to the registration, as the best means of carrying out their pacific economical views. He sat down amidst loud cheering.

THE INDIA HOUSE.—On Wednesday a ballot was taken at the East India House for the election of six directors, in the room of Lieutenant-General Sir J. L. Lushington, G.C.B., Mr. G. Lyall, Mr. E. M'Naghten, Mr. J. P. Muspratt Mr. M. T. Smith, M.P., and Mr. W. Wigram, who go out by rotation. The election fell on Sir R. Campbell, Bart., Mr. W. J. Eastwick, Sir J. W. Hogg, Bart., M.P., Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Sykes, Mr. J. C. Whiteman, and Sir H. Wilcock, K.L.S. A Court of Directors was also held, when the thanks of the Court were voted unanimously to Lieutenant-General Sir J. L. Lushington, G.C.B., Chairman, and Major-General Sir. A. Galloway, K.C.B., Deputy Chairman, for their great application and attention to the affairs of the East India Company during the past year.

EMIGRATION FROM PLYMOUTH.—Not less than 75 ships have sailed from this port with emigrants—29 of which embarked their passengers here. This return is from the 1st of April., 1848, to the 1st of April of the present year. These ships have conveyed 8252½ statute adults to Port Phillip, Australia, and Sydney.

DIED.

At Parramatta, on the morning of Sunday, the 22nd July, 1849, aged 69, Major George Pitt D'Arcy, formerly of the 39th Regiment of Foot: a brave and gallant soldier. Major D'Arcy served in the West Indies, the Mediterranean, through the whole of the Peninsular War, North America, and in this colony; he had a medal for commanding his Regiment at the battle of Orthes.

At his residence, Elizabeth-street North, on Monday, 23rd instant, after a few days' illness of bilious fever, Mr. W. A. Dobson, aged 36 years—for him "To live was Christ, to die was gain!"

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late Mr. Thomas Share are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, to move from his late residence, Cumberland-street, This Afternoon, at a quarter past Two o'clock.
JAMES CURTIS,
July 26. Undertaker.
N.B.—There will be no circulars issued. 1422

BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS, AND THE CHURCH SERVICE.
Handsomely bound in roan, morocco, and velvet. JOHN SANDS.
386, George-street. 770

THE REV. T. B. NAYLOR.

Sydney, 7th July.

REVEREND AND DEAR SIR,—
The sympathy which we have felt for yourself and Mrs. Naylor, in the protracted and very distressing illness, with which it has pleased God to visit you, inducing the necessity of a voyage to England, in the hope of eventual restoration to health, has led us to consider whether we might, on such an occasion, without impropriety or offence, offer you a substantial evidence of our respect and friendship.

The result has been the raising of the enclosed subscription in aid of the heavy expenses attendant on the passage home of yourself and family, amounting to £400, of which, on behalf of ourselves and the other contributors to it, we request your acceptance.

With the assurance of our most heartfelt wishes for your recovery and a speedy restoration to the children and friends whom you will leave behind you, and to the uninterrupted exercise of your sacred functions,

We are, Dear Sir,
Your sincere friends,

W. G. Sydney (M.)	Church of England Lay Association, per J. P. Mackenzie, Treasurer
W. Newcastle	M. H. Stephen
Alfred Stephen, C.J.	James Powell
E. Deas Thomson, Col Sec.	J. V. Lavers
Charles Nicholson, Speaker	Charles Kemp
W. M. Manning, J.	Archibald Michie
Thomas Icely, M.C.	Thomas Woolley
J. B. Darvall, M.C.	M. Metcalfe
Robert Allwood	George R. Hirst
W. H. Walsh	Saint Andrew's Parochial Association, per R. Garrett, Hon. Sec.
F. L. Wallace	T. W. Smart
Louis Hope	M. F. Murnin
A. C. Flood	John Croft
J. R. Morris	Richard Garrett
Percy Pratt	Charles Lowe
G. R. Griffiths	Edmund Blacket
William Carr	Christopher Newton
W. Faning	Thomas Newton
M. C. Fitz Patrick	Thomas S. Mort
Thomas Hyndes	Harold Smith
R. Campbell	J. G. Colyer
E. Robert Stack	
Robert Tooth	
Tom Ray	
W. G. M'Carthy	

To the Rev. T. B. Naylor,
St. Andrew's Parsonage.

Sydney, 9th July, 1849.

My Lords, my Rev. Brethren, Sir Alfred Stephen, and Gentlemen,—I will not attempt to express to you the grateful pleasure with which I have received your kind act of sympathy. Generous as your gift is, and valuable as its assistance must be to me at this moment, I esteem it far more as an evidence of your good-will towards me. Under every circumstance which may befal me, the remembrance of your kindness and friendship will be very pleasant to me; and if it should please God to restore me to health, the certainty that I have your sympathy, will give energy to any exertion for good I may be enabled to make during my absence, and brighten the prospect of my return, when I may unite again in your endeavours to promote the true happiness of this community.

Accept, then, my sincere thanks for all that you have done, and my earnest prayer that God may watch over and bless you.

T. BEAGLY NAYLOR.

To the Right Reverend their Lordships the Bishops of Sydney and Newcastle, His Honor the Chief Justice, the Clergy, and Gentlemen contributing to the testimonial presented to me on my departure from the colony. 1457

WESLEYAN MISSIONS.

THE Annual Sermons will be preached on Sunday next, July 29th, in the following Chapels:—
York-street—Rev. James Ford, in the morning; Rev. B. Hurst, in the evening.
Prince-street—Morning, Rev. S. Wilkinson; Evening, Rev. W. Schofield.
Chippendale—Morning, Rev. W. Schofield; Evening, Rev. S. Wilkinson.
Hay-street—Morning, Rev. B. Hurst; Afternoon, Rev. J. Millard.
Pyrmont—Morning, Rev. W. Lightbody; Evening, Rev. J. Millard.
The morning services will commence at 11 o'clock; the evening services at half-past six o'clock; and the afternoon one at three o'clock.
Collections on behalf of the Wesleyan Missions will be made at each of the above services. 1456

CHEAP ACCOUNT BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, six cases Account Books, consisting of—
Ledgers, Journals, and Letter Books of all sizes, Account Sales, Cash, and Day Books, of all sizes, and in every description of binding, which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN SANDS.
386, George-street,
Opposite the Savings' Bank. 769

REDUCED FROM £1 1s. TO 14s.

PLUNKETT'S AUSTRALIAN MAGISTRATE, a Guide to the Duties of a Justice of the Peace, with numerous forms; also an Appendix, containing the Rules and Regulations relating to the Crown Lands, the new Jury Act, the Laws of Landlord and Tenant, with the Tenements Act, and Act for Facilitating the Granting of Leases, and the Recovery of Small Debts Act. New edition, by Edwin Suttor, Esq., Barrister at Law. 8vo. cloth.

The undersigned respectfully desires to inform the Australian public, that he has bought the entire interest and stock of the above publication, which he has decided on offering for sale at the lowest price consistent with profit. It is almost unnecessary to remark that the utility of the work is conclusively established from the fact of the rapid sale of the whole of the very large impression of the first edition; indeed every individual connected with the colony by property, whether Settler, Banker, Merchant, or Trader, should be in possession of a copy.
W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Bookbinder,
485, George-street.
Directly opposite the Barrack Gate. 5565

TO BUYERS FOR CALIFORNIA.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY invite gentlemen and others requiring Outfits for California, to inspect their unrivalled Stock of Ready-made Clothing, Shirts, Hats, &c., where, at the shortest notice, they can be supplied with every possible requisite.
N. B.—Complete suits of the universally approved repellant Waterproof Clothing.
George-street,
417 Opposite the Post Office.

JUST RECEIVED,

EX JOHN BRIGHT AND OTHER LATE ARRIVALS.

GEORGE CHISHOLM has pleasure in informing his customers and the public, that he has just opened
30 TRUNKS OF
GENTLEMEN'S AND BOYS'
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which he is enabled to offer at prices fully 20 per cent. below the usual price. Amongst them will be found the following, worthy of particular attention,—
Gentlemen's superfine cloth
Ditto Taglioni coats, from 25s.
Boys' ditto ditto, 15s.
Boys' Tweed coats, 7s.
Gentlemen's ditto, 7s. 6d.
Men's pilot coats, 10s.
N.B.—Clothing of every description made to measure, style, quality, and workmanship ensured. The Tailoring department being under the superintendence of Mr Hunter, so long foreman to the Bee Hive. 464

GENTLEMEN'S SUPERIOR BLUE AND INVISIBLE TAGLIONI OVER COATS
THE PRINCE ALBERT DRIVING COAT
BEAVER COATS, WADDED AND QUILTED
GREAT COATS IN GREAT VARIETY
AT
CHISHOLM'S,
9655 Pitt-street.

EX PHOENICIAN.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—

Cream Tartar	English Malt
Tartaric Acid	Cake Annatto
Rochelle Salts	Mop Heads
Seidlitz Powders	Broom ditto
Carb. Ammonia	White Lead
Liquor ditto	Varnishes
Oxalic Acid	Whiting
Acetic Acid	English Glue
Sulphuric ditto	Barrel Tar
Nitric ditto	Lamp Black
Citric ditto	Medicine Chests
Brass Enemas	Druggists' Scales
Pill Boxes	Pill Machines

Also,
Assorted invoices of Drugs, Brushware, Dry Colours, &c., &c., &c.,
B. S. LLOYD.
1511 489, George-street.

CHOICE WINES.

ON SALE by the undersigned, at the lowest market rates, to close consignments,
Sparkling champagne in 1 dozen cases
Superior port in ditto
Choice sherry ditto
B. S. LLOYD,
1510 489, George-street.

FLAVELLE BROTHERS, OPTICIANS AND JEWELLERS,

478, GEORGE-STREET.

RESPECTFULLY invite their friends and the public to an inspection of their recent importation of Novelties ex Chartley Castle, selected by H. Flavelle in London, Paris, and Sheffield, consisting of—
A most complete assortment of Brazilian Pebbles and other Spectacles, in every variety of mounting
Barometers in great variety, including the newly invented ANEROID BAROMETER, which is now creating such a sensation in the scientific world
Sympiesometers, Hydrometers for spirits, acids, milk, oil, and alkalies
Self Registering, Brewers', and Medical Thermometers
Kater's Compasses, Sextant and Telescopes of a very superior quality
An elegant assortment of London Jewellery and Sheffield Plated Ware
Also, a great variety of fancy and useful articles, too tedious to enumerate, which having purchased for cash, they can afford to sell at prices unprecedentedly low. 1455

BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE.

A BEAUTIFUL selection, consisting of water bottles and tumblers, toilet pots and scents, soap boxes, vases &c.
PORCELAIN FIGURES
From one inch stature, and comprising a hundred varieties. Also,
FIGURES IN BISCUIT CHINA.
Children's China, dinner, dessert, tea and coffee services
CHINA PUNCH BOWLS
Vases, flower pots, pomatum jars, match cups, mugs, cream ewers, plates, teapots, &c.
ACCORDIONS, a beautiful assortment
Flutes, London made, 1, 4, and 6 keys
Chess and backgammon boards and men.
CROTCHET NEEDLES.
Netting and knitting pins, steel purses, gilt and steel purse furniture, gold, silver and steel beads, large needle work frames, &c.
ROCKING-HORSES, and an immense stock of dolls and toy goods.
HENRY PARKES,
Ivory Turner, &c.,
Hunter-street,
1467 Right hand from George-street.

GOOSEBERRY AND CURRANT BUSHES.

THE undersigned has received, per Emma, a large variety of Gooseberry and Currant Bushes, which he will sell at moderate prices; also, a variety of vegetable and flower seeds.
GEO. M'DONALD,
George-street, opposite Jamison-street. 1508

HOBART TOWN POTATOES, ONIONS, AND APPLES.

THE undersigned has received, per Emma and Velocity, a large quantity of the above, which will be sold to suit purchasers.
GEO. M'DONALD.
George-street, opposite Jamison street 1509

TO OWNERS OF COASTERS AND OTHERS.

GALVANIZED TINNED SHEET IRON.

NOW LANDING
50 Bundles galvanized sheet iron, for sheathing, 48 x 14.
This economical material is now used with the greatest success.
E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
Ironmongers,
1267 450, George-street.

SHEEP SHEARING SUPPLIES.

TO SETTLERS AND OTHERS.

THE undersigned has received a supply of
WILKINSON'S SUPERIOR SHEEPSHEARS,
Which, with every requisite for sheep-shearing, are now on sale at the Stores of
R. NOTT,
556, George-street,
469 Opposite the Bank of Australasia.

NOW LANDED, and for sale—
Camp ovens
Iron pots
Iron boilers, to 150 gallons
Sash weights, and
Carron boxes, 1½ to 3½ inch
T. WOOLLEY,
434 and 432, George-street,
Iron Yard, King-street. 1425

TO HORSE AND CAB PROPRIETORS, GARDENERS, AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, Lower George-street,—
Best colonial compressed Oaten Hay, grown in the Windsor District, and compressed at his Stores, at 5s. per cwt.; Hawkesbury Maize, 4s. per bushel; Cut Hay, 4s 6d. per cwt.; Oaten Chaff. 6d. per bushel; fresh Lucerne Seed, 1s. 6d. per lb., in any quantities; real Hobart Town Potatoes; Seed ditto, warranted no mixture.
W. BRADY,
1451 Opposite the *Herald* Office.

COLONIAL WINE, of superior quality, in five gallon kegs
Colonial Pork, in tierces of 320 lbs.
Ditto Beef ditto ditto 360 lbs.
On sale, by
THOMAS AGARS,
1454 Kent-street North.

FOR SALE.

FINE DEMERARA RUM, 3 O.P., in hogsheads and puncheons
Bottled Ale and Stout
Geneva, in cases
Brandy (Martell's), dark and pale
Sugar—Java, Manila, and Mauritius
Tea—Hysonskin, in chests and halves
Rice, Pepper, Cloves, &c., &c.
SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.,
9728 Spring-street.

TAYLOR'S PORTER.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned, ex Phoenician.
TUCKER, LINGARD AND CO.,
1314 471, George-street.

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.
10026 THACKER AND CO.

BARRATT'S TWIST.
911 W. H. ALDIS.

ALLSOPP'S ALE.—For Sale, at the Stores of the undersigned,—
Allsopp's No. 3 Ale, brewed in October, 1848
Allsopp's Bottled Ale, in 3 dozen casks
403 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

BYASS'S AND MARZETTI'S BOTTLED BEER.
TAYLOR'S, WHITBREAD'S, BARCLAY'S AND GUINESS'S STOUT,

BY the latest arrivals, and on sale at the Stores of—
J. W. ROCHE,
Rainbow, Pitt and King streets.

Martell's and Hennessey's Brandy, Clouzeau's Pale Brandy in one dozen cases, Lownde's, Dunbar's, and Crosse and Blackwell's Old Tom, in one, two, and three dozen cases; bottled and draught Wines in great variety, genuine Campbelltown Whiskey, and every article in the Wine and Spirit Trade of the best quality and lowest possible prices. 1359

JUST LANDED, ex Scotia, John Witt, and other late arrivals, in the very best condition, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned—
200 cases and casks Oilman's Stores, &c., comprising—Quart and pint pickles, in 2 dozen cases; best London vinegar, in quarter casks; 1 lb and ½ lb. mustards; half-pints sauces, pints and half-pints salad oil, Gorgona anchovies, real Yarmouth herrings, in 2 dozen tins; candied orange and lemon peel, in 1 lb. and 2 lb tins; soft shell almonds, in barrels; 70 casks washing soda, about 3 cwt. each and upwards; 10 casks Day and Martin's real liquid assorted blacking; together with an immense stock of heavy goods, in connexion with the whole sale and retail grocery trade, well assorted and will be sold cheap to wholesale customers and private families.
A. REYNOLDS.
364, George-street,
Opposite the Market. 1424

FAMILY MOULD CANDLES,

MANUFACTURED expressly for family use, and packed in boxes of 25 lbs. each, to be had of the grocers generally, at 7d. per pound, or wholesale, of
W. B. ALLEN,
Sussex-street.
P. S.—W. B. A. solicits a trial of these beautiful goods—he considers them the finest and cheapest Candles in the market. 1081

DERWENT OATS.

NOW LANDING, ex Emma, from Hobart Town, and on sale by the undersigned, Van Diemen's Land Feed Oats of superior quality.
JOHN MACNAMARA,
1496 Queen-street.

BACON, HAMS, AND PORK.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, a superior lot, fit for shipment.
W. DEAN,
1492 22, Church-hill.

LAND IN WILLIAM-STREET, FOR SALE.

92 FEET OF LAND, in one or more lot or lots—10 per cent. deposit—seven years credit for the residue of purchase money. Apply to Mr. T. S. MORT, or Mr. J. F. JOSEPHSON. 1450

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

THE Undersigned are cash buyers of Wool and Sheepskins, either washed or in the grease; or will make liberal advances on wool consigned to their house in England.
SWAIN, WEBBS, AND CO.
8953 Harrington-street, Church-hill.

TALLOW.

TALLOW of all descriptions bought by the undersigned, at the highest market price.
Payment—*Cash on delivery*
WM. B. ALLEN,
2794 Sussex-street.

THE undersigned are buyers of 5 cwt. of Oxide of Cobalt or Smalts, for cash.
E. F. JENCKEN AND CO.
Circular Quay. 1506

MRS. MARY SMITH.

ENQUIRIES being directed to be made by persons in England respecting Mrs. Mary Smith, the widow of the late Mr. Thomas Edmund Smith, who died on the 22nd August, 1846, she is requested to communicate with
THURLOW AND GRANT,
Solicitors,
1491 Pitt-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.

THE Interest of the late Mr. E. W. Simpson, in the firm of Simpson and Brett, ceases from this date.
The business will henceforward be carried on by
HORATIO BRETT.
July 23. 1360

THE Consignee of 180 Trusses Hay, per Colonist, from Hobart Town, is requested to pass entry for same without delay, otherwise it will be landed and stored at his expense and risk.
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Agents.
Sydney, 26th July. 1459

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby notify that their Mr. David Cohen being about to leave the colony for England, they request that any parties having open accounts against him, or the firm, will be pleased to render the same immediately for adjustment and liquidation.
The business of the firm will be conducted as hitherto.
DAVID COHEN AND CO.,
West Maitland.
July 23. 1438

NOTICE.—I hereby caution my tenants against paying any rents or other money to any person on my account, without my own written signature or authority.
R. TAYLOR,
South Head Road.
Witness—
J. T. GURNER.
July 25. 1435

I HEREBY caution the public against giving credit to my wife, Jane Murphy, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. Also, against purchasing any of my property from her.
PETER MURPHY.
Macdonald River, July 17. 1300

CATTLE WANTED.

WANTED, from 1500 to 2000 head of well-bred Steers and Heifers, from three years old and upwards, to be delivered either at Tarrabandar, Tumut River; or at the junction of the Lachlan and Murrumbidgee. Apply to
MR. JAMES M'EVOY,
1182 Pitt-street.

TO LICENSED VICTUALLERS, &c.

ANY person having a Publicans' General License, and wishing to dispose of the same, will hear of a purchaser, by application to J. C., at the *Herald* Office. 1448

WANTED, a Man to Cook, and make generally useful. For address apply at the *Herald* Office. 1494

WANTED, a Dairyman and his Wife, both of which must be able to milk well, and make butter and cheese, to proceed immediately to the Ovens River, Port Phillip Road. Also, two Farm Servants, who understand farming in all its branches. Character as to ability and sobriety will be required. For further particulars apply to Mr. BENJAMIN WARBY, Moor Fields, near Campbelltown, if by letter, post-paid. 1563

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWO smart active Lads, as apprentices to the painting and glazing trade. Apply to
FRANCIS WHITWORTH,
Oil and Colourman.
1357 582, George-street.

MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS. TEACHER WANTED.

PERSONS willing to take charge of a Class for the study of Drawing, including Geometrical and Architectural Drawing, are requested to communicate with the Class Sub-Committee, stating their terms, on or before the 28th instant. Further information may be obtained from the Librarian at the Institution.
July 20. 1179

TO MEN OF EDUCATION AND CAPITAL.

ANY Gentleman possessed of a moderate capital, and inclined to follow a literary profession, may hear of a profitable investment in a long established and flourishing business, the half share of which will be disposed of in consequence of the proprietor contemplating a return to England.
Principals (only) treated with personally, on application to Mr. ARCHIBALD LITTLE, Solicitor, King-street. 1437

WANTED, by a respectable married couple, lately arrived, (English and without incumbrance) situations, the man as farm servant and agricultural implement maker, his wife as cook or housekeeper; undeniable references can be given as to character and qualifications. Post-paid letters addressed to WILLIAM TOOGOOD'S Hotel, George-street, will receive immediate attention. 1436

A HIGHLY respectable married Female, being most anxious to return home immediately, would be happy to attend on a lady; or to undertake the management and instruction of two or three children, for her passage to England. Address by letter, prepaid, S. S., Mr. Stokes's, Bookseller, George-street. 1452

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the Rock-flat, Maneroo, about the latter end of June, four head of horses, of the following description, viz.:—A light brown horse, rising seven years old, dark switch tail, branded on near shoulder H, on off shoulder TW. A cream coloured colt, eighteen months old, black points, branded on off shoulder, TW. A chestnut mare, star, long tail, branded J on both shoulders, TW over J on off shoulder. A blood bay colt, eighteen months old, branded TW on off shoulder.
The above reward will be paid on the conviction of the thief or thieves; or two pounds for the discovery, on application to W. A. Brodribb, Esq., Bullanamang: or to the undersigned.
J. WOOD,
1308 Dargelong, Maneroo.

BOAT LOST.

LOST, from the Steam Ferry Wharf, Windmill-street, a Waterman's Skiff, painted a light colour inside, and the name Margaret, and James Hoare, No 326, on the gunwale, and painted black outside. Any party finding the same and returning it to JAMES HOARE, Windmill-street, will be rewarded. 1447

GAS HOTEL, KENT-STREET NORTH.

TO LET, with early possession, the above capital business premises, in one of the leading thoroughfares of the city, and in the immediate vicinity of the Balmain Ferry, Gas Works, and Hunter River Steam Navigation Company's Wharf.
Apply to Mr. JAMES ENTWISLE, Freemasons' Tavern, York-street. 1324

TO LET, two sitting rooms, two bedrooms, kitchen and cellar, in a central part of the City. For further particulars apply at the *Herald* Office, if by letter, post paid, directed H. T. 1266

TO LET, a commodious Store, situated in Macquarie-place, now in the occupation of G. Rees, merchant. For particulars apply to MORRIS CASTLE, next door to Dr. Bland's, Pitt street. 1073

TO BE LET, the Dwelling-house in Cumberland-street North, next to Sheriff Young's buildings, (now in the occupation of Mr. Scrutton) from the 1st of August. It contains five rooms and closet, has a good verandah facing the harbour, with detached kitchen, &c. Apply at the office of Mr. MOREHEAD, O'Connell-street. 1306

TO LET, that first-rate business premises, known as California House, 214 and 216, Brickfield-hill, in consequence of the proprietor removing to *Bee Hive*, Pitt-street. Application to be made to
JAMES BRADY.
Selling off at prices that will astonish the visitors at California House. 1517

NORTH SHORE.

TO LET, on a lease of fourteen or twenty-one years, Allotments of Land fronting Careening Cove.
Apply at the office of Messrs. CAMPBELL and Co., Campbell's Wharf. 1368

TO LET, Nos. 2 and 4, of Thurlow's-terrace, Surry Hills,—rent, £26 per annum. Apply at Messrs. THURLOW and GRANT'S, solicitors, 308, Pitt-street. 86

TO LET, furnished, the whole or part of the premises at the corner of the Parramatta and Great North Roads, at present occupied as the Talbot Inn. For terms, &c., apply on the premises. 7483

TO LET, that well-known self-regulating Windmill, situated at Darlinghurst; rent moderate. Application to be made to Messrs. THOMAS BARKER AND CO., Sussex-street. 276

TO LET, for a term of years, a Water Mill, in thorough order, driving two pair of stones, smutting and dressing machines. Good stores, cottage, &c. For further particulars apply to Mr. F. GAUNSON. 4967

TO LET, UNDERCLIFF, situated at Cook's River, about six miles from Sydney. It consists of a cottage of eight rooms, kitchen, and cellar, with stable, &c. a large and well-stocked garden, and a cleared paddock of ten acres.
The Cook's River Omnibus runs to within about half-a-mile of Undercliff twice a-day. Immediate possession can be given.
Apply at the Loan Company's Office, 354, Castlereagh-street.
May 22 8558

YASS

TO LET, the Globe Hotel, in consequence of the ill health of the proprietor. That first-rate establishment, situated in the centre of that fast-rising town, Yass, and close to the Court House, which is, and will be still more, of important advantage to that flourishing concern.

By reference to the *Sydney Morning Herald*, of the 26th of June last, it will be seen that Yass is to become an assize town forthwith. The house is in full trade, and possessing a first-rate connexion; this building is of two stories high, containing ten bedrooms, and three parlours up stairs, embracing the whole front, of 60 feet, two of the rooms are divided by a moveable pannelled partition, when thrown open forms a space of 40 feet long. On the ground floor are twelve rooms, of most convenient dimensions, two of which can be formed into one, as above stairs, by the same convenience of folding doors, &c.; there is also an excellent cellar. The stabling is of brick-work, with accommodation for twenty horses, together with coach-house, &c., a well of good water, and an excellent garden well stocked with young fruit trees, and all requisite out-houses.

Rent, £150 per annum, for a term of three or four years, as may be agreed on. The furniture to be taken at a valuation, which, with the fixtures, will be about £500.

No person need apply, but such as are competent of conducting an hotel business. Application to be made to Mr. Charles Quail, on the premises, at Yass; or to William Long, Esq., George-street, Sydney. All letters to be post paid.
Yass, July 5. 480

National Library of Australia
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SALES BY AUCTION.

ARMSTRONG'S WEEKLY SALE OF HORSES.

ON FRIDAY NEXT,
At twelve o'clock,

A pair of bay carriage horses, fifteen hands two inches high
7 Saddle horses
4 Gig and carriage horses
2 Horses, suitable for shaft carriages
4 Ponies
3 Pair horse-breaks—one new, one second hand
2 Second hand gigs
Harness, &c. 1507

HORSES,
COW,
CART AND HARNESS
PHAETON AND GIGS.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
ON SATURDAY,

BAYARD, a bay entire, by Y. Satellite, broke to saddle and harness; two very powerful Colts, by Gratis, broke to saddle; one saddle Horse, by Memnon; several other Horses; a new Dog Cart; two Gigs; a one horse Phaeton, with harness; a Cart with Horse and Harness; and an excellent Milk Cow with Calf. 1473

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

45 PACKAGES FRESH GOODS.

EX PHŒNICIAN,

Comprising grey and white Domestics, super Calicos, Horrock's Shirtings, Sheetings, rough Hollands, 5-4 and 7-8 Prints, Flannels, Blankets, white and coloured rolled Jaconets, Cotton Ticks, black and coloured Silecias, double stitched Trousers, blue serge Shirts, fancy pattern Regatta and Scotch twill Shirts, and men and women's cotton Hosiery.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS has received instructions to sell,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 31ST JULY,
At eleven o'clock,
At the Stores of the late James Simmons, Esq.,

The above splendid assortment of Drapery and Slops (all of the right sort) Full particulars will appear in a forthcoming advertisement 1291

TO IMMIGRANTS AND FARMING MEN, WHO ARE DESIROUS OF PROCURING A SMALL COMPACT AGRICULTURAL FARM.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY MR. STUBBS,
At the Mart, King-street,
THIS DAY, JULY 26,
At twelve o'clock precisely,

A VERY valuable Agricultural Farm, situate in the Hawkesbury District, capable of producing a handsome living to the practical agriculturist. There are 50 acres cleared and in cultivation, and the Estate is celebrated for the quantity and quality of its produce. It commands a good dairy run in the rear, and it possesses water carriage from Sydney to the very door.
Terms very liberal. 1052

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY MR. STUBBS,
HOUSES AND PREMISES,
IN
CASTLEREAGH-STREET.

TO TOWN AND COUNTRY CAPITALISTS, MERCHANTS, WEALTHY PUBLICANS, AND SHOPKEEPERS.

MR. STUBBS respectfully notifies that he has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction,
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, AUGUST 1,
At twelve o'clock precisely,
ON THE PREMISES,

The most valuable property which has ever been offered to the public, in Castlereagh-street, in two lots.

It is laid out at right angles, and measures 50 feet frontage to Castlereagh-street, receding back 135 feet, and contains upwards of 6750 square feet. It adjoins "Holliwell-lane" on the south, and the property of the late Mr. Seguson on the north, between Market and Park streets.

NUMEROUS PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS (it is true) are "going up" just now, indicative of

SYDNEY'S FUTURE GREATNESS,

but in no part of it could they appear to more advantage than they would if they were erected on this central, beautiful spot,—light, elegant houses might be erected thereon at small cost, and with great profit to the future purchaser, especially as Castlereagh-street will be the leading street through the city, from the Circular Wharf in a very few years.

The Rent Roll presents the proprietor with a handsome income. Lot 1 being let to Mrs. Dennis, at 22s per week, and lot 2 to Mrs. Harwood, at 10s. per week; total, 32s. per week; but capable of producing ten times that amount.

Further particulars will be given in a future advertisement, and in the mean time the Auctioneer recommends capitalists to inspect the plan of the property, to be seen at the Mart, and not to lose it for any money.
Terms—Liberal.
Title—First-rate. 1408

JUST LANDED, EX SCOTIA.

TO GROCERS, WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, CONFECTIONERS, &c.

ENGLISH CHEESE, PICKLES, MUSTARD, ASSORTED PASTE, SALAD OIL, BATH BRICKS, JAMS, SPERM CANDLES, FRESH SALMON, BRANDY, WHISKEY, GIN, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, JULY 26,
At eleven o'clock,

The following excellent assortment of articles carefully selected expressly for family trade, from the well-known establishment of William and Thomas Cooper, Leadenhall-street, London,

2 Cases, 24 Wiltshire loaf cheeses
4 Cases, 48 pine cheeses
1 Case bloaters
Anchovy and salmon paste
3 Cases, 3 dozen 6lb. tins, superfine Durham mustard
10 Cases, 30 dozen, assorted bottled fruits
10 Cases, 20 dozen, quart pickles, assorted
10 Cases, 20 dozen, pint ditto ditto
1 Case, 6 dozen, half-pint sauces
1 Case, 48 1-dozen tins, herrings
3 Cases, 9 dozen half-pints, salad oil
1 Cask, 100 tins each, 1 and 2 lbs., fresh salmon
2 Casks, 12 dozen Bath bricks
12 Cases, each 12 lbs., patent sperm candles
1 Case, 3 dozen, 2 lb. patent jars assorted jams
1 Case, 3 dozen, each 1 and 2 lbs., orange marmalade
3 Hogsheads Martell's brandy
3 Quarter-casks English gin
1 Puncheon Scotch whiskey
24 Red cases fine hollands, &c.
Terms at sale. 1513

JEWELLERY, WATCHES, WATCH MATERIALS, AND SUPERIOR PLATED CANDLESTICKS.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At 12 o'clock,

Seven well-finished silver watches
Four gold watches
An assortment of brooches, rings, wires, pins, studs, lockets, &c.
Watch glasses, main springs, music boxes, spring pinion wire, sundry tools, &c.
Steel and German silver spectacles
An assortment of superior quality plated pillar and chamber candlesticks
Gilt watch keys, of best qualities, &c.
Terms at sale. 1514

ACCORDIONS, PORCELAIN ORNAMENTS, TOYS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At eleven o'clock,

One case superior toned and large accordions
One case handsome porcelain ornaments
The remaining portion of toys unsold at Tuesday's sale.
Terms at sale. 1512

TO STATIONERS, &c.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, FOOLSCAP AND LETTER PAPER, ENVELOPES, SPELLING BOOKS, SEALWAX, METALLIC BOOKS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

The following well assorted lot of Stationery, just landed ex Empress.

Laid foolscap
Large blue wove and cream laid post
Mourning note paper
Superfine red, black, and fancy sealing wax
Black and red ink powders
Envelopes of various sizes
Account books in sets
Foolscap and post copy books
Metallic books, assorted sizes
Wafers, pencils, india rubber
Mavor's, Vyse's and Fanning's Spelling books
Cyphering and memorandum books, and Sundry other books, &c.
Terms at sale. 1515

DOLLS, BASKETS, BRUSHES, KNIVES, SHEEP-SHEARS, LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,

ONE CASE COMPOSITION DOLLS
One ditto leather ditto
One ditto hair and clothes brushes
One ditto handsome and fashionable baskets
One ditto strike-fire and Dover knives
One ditto sheepshears
One ditto looking glasses
One ditto containing padlocks, vest rings, buttons, &c
One ditto dominos.
Terms at sale. 1401

COLOURED AND ENAMELLED GLASS, CROWN GLASS, AND SHEET DITTO.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At half past 10 o'clock,

10 BOXES COLOURED AND ENAMELLED GLASS, 24 x 18, in
Dark ruby
Light green
Dark ditto
Light flashed blue
Medium yellow
Ditto purple
Dark blue
Yellow enamelled
White ditto
40 BOXES CROWN GLASS, 12 x 10, to 14 x 12
62 Ditto SHEET GLASS, 13 dozen, 10 x 8 to 16 x 12
88 Ditto ditto ditto, 16 dozen, 10 x 8 to 16 x 12.
Terms at sale. 1468

DAMAGED SADDLES AND BRIDLES.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

12 SADDLES
12 Bridles
Damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash. 1404

DAMAGED MANILA HATS.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,
EX FALCON, FOREMAN, MASTER, FROM MANILA.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

THE undermentioned Hats, damaged by sea water—
LC § 11—177 hats, much damaged
135 ditto, slightly ditto
§ 12—40 ditto, much ditto
41 ditto, slightly ditto.
Terms, cash. 1403

DRAB MOLESKINS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

FOUR CASES SUPERIOR DRAB MOLESKINS AND CORDS
WITHOUT RESERVE.
Terms at sale. 1469

HATS AND CAPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At eleven o'clock,

TWO CASES very superior black Paris Hats
One ditto ditto beaver
Two ditto fashionable caps.
Terms at sale. 1471

FINE MAURITIUS SUGAR.

EX FANNY FISHER.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has been instructed by the Importer to submit to public auction,
At his Rooms,
1800 Mats of Bright, Sparkling Grain, GROCERS' SUGAR,
ON TUESDAY, JULY 31,
At 11 o'clock,
IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

F §	1.—Virginia.	300	Bags very bright yellow grocers' sugar
F §	2.—Virginia.	140	Bags ditto ditto
F §	3.—Esperance.	50	Bags sparkling, large grained sugar
F §	4.— „	72	Bags rich dry yellow ditto
F §	5.—Millien.	136	Bags very bright light yellow ditto
F §	6. { Marie Triton Vandiere. }	53	Bags sparkling, gold grain ditto
F §	7. { Hermitage Vandiere. }	67	Bags very bright ditto ditto
F §	8. { Gallet Phœnix. }	79	Bags rich crystal-grain ditto
F §	9.—V. J. Drore.	187	Bags peculiarly fine sparkling do.
F §	10.—Louisa.	129	Bags fine light amber ditto
F §	11. { Stanley. S. }	80	Bags very finest gold grain ditto
F §	12. { Palmar *Dumarais.* }	417	Bags bright large grain ditto
F §	13.— „	144	Bags ditto sparkling ditto

This being the only lot of bright grocers' sugar in the market, or likely to be for some time, affords an opportunity to the grocers to supply themselves with a first-rate sugar, the want of which has been so universally felt for some time past. The packages are in first-rate condition, and the terms of sale being liberal, the Auctioneer particularly calls the attention of the trade to this sale.

Sugars having advanced considerably at the Mauritius, Java, and in all the sugar growing countries usually supplying this market, a corresponding advance must necessarily take place here.

TERMS.—Under £50 cash; above £50 and under £250, 3 months; above £250, 3 and 4 months' approved bills. 1472

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At half-past 10 o'clock,

FIVE CASES ASSORTED SEAMEN'S SLOPS, consisting of—
Flushing clothing
Drawers and frocks
Shirts, bonnets
Comforters
S. Westers
Knives
&c., &c.
Terms at sale. 1470

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

THE undermentioned goods, to close various accounts,
WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE,
One case assorted silks, satins, and satinets
One „ muslin and balzorine dresses
One „ handsome shawls and scarfs
One „ Berlin cloaks, capes, and visites
Two „ superior Tuscan and fancy straw bonnets
One „ bonnet silks, Persians, and ribbons
One „ muslin and lace goods, consisting of real thread and imitation laces and edgings, insertions, handkerchiefs, lenoe, &c., &c.
One „ fashionable gimps and fringes
Two „ assorted haberdashery
One „ scarlet and shaded cravats
One „ kid and silk gloves assorted
One „ cotton handkerchiefs
One „ blue cloth jackets
One „ assorted black, blue, and coloured cloth trousers
One bale drab stockmen's coats, pearl buttons
One „ superfine pilot coats
One „ Scotch twilled shirts
One „ blue serge shirts
One case dark fancy vests
One „ dark tweed vests and coats
One „ assorted hosiery
One „ handsome ginghams
One „ brown hollands
One bale linen ticks and ducks
One „ huckabacks and diapers
One „ osnaburgs and cheese cloths
One „ glass cloths and towels
One „ 10-4 red blankets
One „ 9-4 blue blankets
Terms at sale. 1402

HALF TON BACON.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock

HALF A TON OF BACON, sides and hams.
Terms, cash. 1477

CATTLE.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

(Without any reserve.)

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 12 o'clock.

LOT 1.—TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY-NINE HEAD, more or less, now running at Haldon, Darling Downs, in the charge of Mr. J. Daly.
LOT 2.—ONE HUNDRED and SEVENTY-SEVEN HEAD, more or less, now running on Fraser's Farm, river Hastings, Port Macquarie, with right of brand—GI.
Terms at sale. 1478

THE CUTTER
G E O R G I A N A.

MR. MORT

HAS received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
The Schooner GEORGIANA;
she was built in 1840, and is 35 tons O.M., is coppered, and carries a large cargo, she has a good cabin, and is well found in sails, stores, &c.

She is now lying off Stilwell's Wharf, Market-street.
Terms at sale. 1479

DOUBLE BODIED PHAETON,
WITH HARNESS.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 12 o'clock, precisely,

DOUBLE BODIED PHAETON, with harness, in first-rate order.
Terms—Cash. 1476

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

ELEGANT COTTAGE RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS,
ST. LEONARD'S, NORTH SHORE.

MR. MORT

HAS received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At eleven o'clock,
THAT COMMODIOUS AND BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE RESIDENCE, formerly occupied by MR. PURSER.

This house is faithfully and substantially built of stone, and finished in the best manner. It contains on the basement story spacious drawing and dining rooms, large entrance hall, kitchen, stores, laundry, &c.; up stairs are three bedrooms; there are also wine cellar, men's hut, out-houses, fowl-house, water fowl house, and pond, &c., &c.

In front of the house is a
LARGE AND HANDSOME VERANDAH.

The Grounds comprise several acres, tastefully laid out as a
GARDEN AND SHRUBBERY,
which contain many choice flowers and plants.

This desirable property is situated within a few minutes' walk from the Blue's Point, to which the steamer plies constantly throughout the day. The position is undoubtedly the most commanding and beautiful in the neighbourhood of Sydney, embracing as it does the most varied and enchanting views of the harbour, the Parramatta River, Botany Bay, and the surrounding country, whilst, as to salubrity, it partakes of the advantages for which the bracing atmosphere of the North Shore is proverbial.

The auctioneer, however, would rather that intending purchasers should view the property, for it is quite beyond his ability to point out the many beauties and advantages which this charming retreat presents.

☞ A plan may be seen at the rooms of the auctioneer.
Terms at sale. 1486

BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE,

IN THE INSOLVENCY OF MR. ROBERT COOPER, SEN.

OLD COPPER, OLD LEAD PIPING, &c., CASKS, COG WHEELS, MACHINERY, DESK, AND SUNDRY OLD STORES.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Sale Yards, Pitt and George Streets,
ON SATURDAY, JULY 28,
At 11 o'clock,

QUANTITY OLD COPPER,
Quantity old lead piping, &c.
Old crab winches, &c.
Iron machinery, wheels, grindstones, &c.
Casks, iron hoops, copper measures
Old iron work, iron piping, &c.
Cast iron pillars, &c., &c.
Terms—Cash. 1475

REGENTVILLE.

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTATE WAS FORMERLY THE PROPERTY OF SIR JOHN JAMISON, AND IT IS UNQUESTIONABLY THE BEST SELECTED OF ANY IN THE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND AND NOT ONLY IS IT THE BEST SELECTED, BUT THE IMPROVEMENTS UPON IT ARE UPON A SCALE OF ELEGANCE AND UTILITY UNEQUALLED IN THE COLONY. THE MANSION HOUSE IS A BEAUTIFUL, COMPLETE, AND COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE; THE FARMS ARE THE BEST ON THE NEPEAN.

MR MORT

HAS been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,
THE SPLENDID ESTATE
of
R E G E N T V I L L E,
In the following Lots,—

LOT 1.
FARM ON THE NEPEAN,
Containing 54 acres, more or less, having a frontage to the Nepean River, as well as to the Mulgoa Creek, in which there is always abundance of excellent water. This is all FIRST-RATE AGRICULTURAL LAND.
On the farm there is an EXCELLENT WINDMILL, with cottage, &c., attached, which with a small outlay may be made very remunerative.

LOT 2.
FARM ON THE NEPEAN,
Being 29 acres, more or less. This is bounded on the west by the Nepean River, having a frontage thereto of about 16 chains; and on the east by the Mulgoa Creek. This is all superior land; it is cleared and fit for the plough.

LOT 3.
FARM ON THE MULGOA CREEK,
Containing 37 acres, more or less, intersected by the Mulgoa Creek. The Mulgoa Road, forms the eastern and southern boundaries of the Farm. It is all cleared, and is first-rate land.

LOT 4.
FARM ON THE MULGOA CREEK,
Contains 46 acres, more or less. This is a superior farm, it is all cleared, and has upon it a good slabbed cottage. It is bounded on the east by the Mulgoa Creek, and on the west and north by the Mulgoa Road.

LOT 5.
FARM ON THE NEPEAN,
Contains 165 acres, more or less. This farm has frontage of
HALF A MILE TO THE RIVER,
It is bounded on the west by the Mulgoa Road, and and on the south by Cox's Estate; on it is a garden stocked with fruit trees.

LOT 6,
Is the
MANSION OF "REGENTVILLE,"
with its
EXTENSIVE AND PRODUCTIVE VINEYARD
SPACIOUS GARDENS AND BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS
COMPLETE STABLES AND OUT-OFFICES
Sheep and stock yards, sheep sheds, men's dwellings, &c., &c.

The elegance, extent, and convenience of the mansion and grounds of "Regentville," can only be appreciated by those who have had an opportunity of visiting them; suffice it therefore to enumerate the principal points thereof,

The site of the mansion has been most judiciously chosen, as it commands a full view of the picturesque valley of the Nepean, and the romantic scenery of the adjacent mountains.

THE GARDENS,
THE VINEYARDS,
THE GROUNDS, AND
THE OUT-OFFICES.

are in every respect worthy of the princely establishment.

THE HOUSE CONTAINS handsome reception, drawing, dining, and billiard-rooms, spacious hall, suite of sleeping apartments, convenient kitchens and servants' rooms, extensive cellarage, &c.

Attached is
A COURT YARD
of 180 feet square, with
STABLING AND COACH-HOUSES
of the most complete and extensive description.

THE VINEYARD
IS EIGHT ACRES IN EXTENT,
and contains all the choicest vines in the colony; this can either be cultivated for the profit of the proprietor, or let to great advantage. Upon the vineyard are erected
A SUPERIOR COTTAGE AND STORES,
With
WINE CELLARS AND WINE PRESSES,
and there is always abundance of water from the dam in the vicinity.

The house, gardens, and vineyard, stand upon an area of about 14 acres; attached are
THIRTEEN HUNDRED ACRES
of superior grazing land; a considerable portion of which is also adapted for cultivation.

The Auctioneer, in calling public attention to this really important sale, will merely observe:

AS REGARDS THE MANSION AND GROUNDS, that independently of the value which attaches to this property as a gentleman's residence, it must be borne in mind by those connected with pastoral pursuits, that the possession of so valuable a homestead must place them beyond the caprices and fluctuations of the Sydney market, when receiving fat stock from their stations in the interior.

AS REGARDS THE AGRICULTURAL LANDS, every farmer and every emigrant ought to attend to this important sale, as they are lands not only now valuable, but from the certainty of
RAILWAY COMMUNICATION
to the interior, must soon quintuple their present market price.

TERMS:
One-half cash; one-half bills at six months' date, with security.
Plan on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.

TITLE GUARANTEED. 1482

TWO THOUSAND SHEEP,
AND AN
EXCELLENT STATION IN MANEROO.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

2020 SHEEP, and the improved STATION in Maneroo, known as
THE DRY RIVER,

The following is the return of the Sheep—
1200 Ewes of ages (none of them old)
200 Wethers
20 Rams
600 Ewe and Wether Lambs

2020 more or less.

THEY ARE WARRANTED SOUND AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED.

They are very fine woolled, being of the Saxon Merino breed, and the Rams introduced have been purchased from Mr. Macarthur.

THE STATION is advantageously situated near Mr. Imlay's station, on the coast side of the Maneroo Mountain.
IT IS WELL WATERED,
being bounded on the one side by the Brogo River, and is capable of depasturing
FOUR THOUSAND SHEEP.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of two huts and a barn, extensive stockyard, well cultivated paddock, two grass paddocks, &c.

The distance from Sydney is 230 miles, *from Twofold Bay only 45 miles,* so that it possesses the facility of water carriage, and the advantage of a vicinity to the boiling establishments at the Bay.

To parties of moderate means this property is particularly worthy of attention, as
IT MUST BE SOLD,
and as shearing time is now close at hand the clip of wool will do much towards providing the purchase money.

For terms (which will be liberal) apply to the auctioneer. 1483

NOTICE.

THE 431 head of Cattle advertised for sale by Mr. Mort, This Day, 12 o'clock, at his Rooms, will,
BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE,
BE SOLD WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER.
Sydney, July 26. 1474

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
FRUIT AND FOREST TREES, ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, &c.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions from
MR. T. W. SHEPHERD,
of the
DARLING NURSERY,
to sell by public auction, at the Nursery, Newtown Road,
ON MONDAY, AUGUST 6,
At 11 o'clock,

15,000 FRUIT TREES, SHRUBS, &c., including the best varieties of apple, pear, quince, mulberry, peach, nectarine, apricot, almond, plum, cherry, filbert, walnut, loquat, maclura, guava, cherimolia, orange, lemon, citron, lime, 3000 morus multicaulis (two years old), ash, elm, oak, sycamore, lime or linden tree, Norfolk Island and Moreton Bay pine, Moreton Bay chestnut, &c., &c.

The DARLING NURSERY is so well known, that comment from the auctioneer is superfluous, and as the sale is undertaken for the purpose of making room for a fresh stock, there will be NO RESERVE.

If required, purchasers may have their goods packed for the interior, or the neighbouring colonies, at a moderate charge.

Catalogues are in course of preparation, and may be had five days prior to the day of sale at the Nursery, or at the auction rooms.
Terms—Cash. 1487

MAGNIFICENT STATIONS
IN THE
GWYDER DISTRICT,
WITH
EIGHT THOUSAND SHEEP,
AND
SIX HUNDRED HEAD OF CATTLE

MR. MORT
Has received instructions from the proprietor who is leaving the colony for England, to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8,
At 11 o'clock,
THE WHOLE OF
MR. ALLEN HICKEY'S
SHEEP, CATTLE, AND STATIONS
IN THE
GWYDER DISTRICT.

TO capitalists desirous of availing themselves of the present favourable juncture for embarking extensively in pastoral pursuits, this sale presents an opportunity now of rare occurrence, of acquiring a most splendid, compact, and remunerative property. It is quite unnecessary for the auctioneer to eulogise it, but he is satisfied that all he might say in its commendation would be fully substantiated by parties acquainted therewith; and he is fully convinced that, with a few years of prudent management, this property will leave a handsome fortune to the buyer; the prospects for wool being most encouraging, whilst labour is speedily becoming plentiful. The station is deservedly reputed to be amongst the finest in the colony, and the stock of the best breed in the district. Mr. Mort will however confine himself to a simple enumeration of a few of the particulars of them, and earnestly solicits further inquiry.

THE STATION,
WHICH IS KNOWN AS
"W A L L A N G R A,"
Is situated in the district of the Gwyder, adjoining the runs of George Wyndham, Esq., and Messrs. Broadhurst and Ottley, of New England.
It is capable of carrying
25,000 SHEEP
AND
1000 HEAD OF CATTLE;
Indeed on one side of the river only Mr. Hickey has had 14,000 sheep depastured.
IT IS ABUNDANTLY WATERED
by the Macintyre River, which intersects the run for a distance of about twenty miles; independent of which there is a never-failing supply from numerous creeks and waterholes.

THE COUNTRY consists of open box and myall lands, interspersed with beautiful untimbered plains.

THE IMPROVEMENTS are of the most substantial and permanent nature, having been constructed at great outlay, under the immediate superintendence of the proprietor, who has spared no expense to make a superior and efficient establishment. They consist of—

Verandah cottage of five rooms, glazed and plastered, with detached kitchen and servant's room
An overseer's cottage, with stores attached
A stone dairy
(The above are enclosed in a paled fence.)
Two huts for men at the homestead
Huts at the sheep stations, with hurdles or yards
Wool shed, 60 feet by 35 feet, floored with sawn timber
Wool room, with classing bins
Sheep pens attached to wool shed
Powerful lever press, with blocks, winch, and double iron bound boxes complete
Stockyards subdivided into compartments, capable of holding 1200 head of cattle. (The strength of these is unsurpassed by any in the colony.)
Three rail grass paddock, of 500 acres, on the banks of the river
Three-rail cultivation paddock
Garden of three-quarters of an acre, securely fenced and planted with fruit trees

A glance at the above particulars must be conclusive as to the value of the run, for which it may be well to observe, the auctioneer was offered £1200, without any stock; and that, too, at a time when extensive runs by no means bore their present value.

THE SHEEP
ARE WARRANTED SOUND AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED,
And consist of the following excellent return:—

620	Ewes, 5 to 6 years	} To lamb in September.
800	„ 4 „	
1200	„ 3 „	
1100	„ 2 „	
1200	„ yearling	
1500	Wethers, 2 to 3 years	
1220	„ yearling	
150	Rams (from the stock of S. A. Donaldson, Esq.)	
200	Coarse Ewes, culled for the pot.	
7990		

Great attention has been paid to the breed of the above by the introduction of picked rams from the choice stock of S. A. Donaldson, Esq., at Tenterfield, and from which there will be at least 3000 lambs in September.

THE WOOL
ranks in the English market as one of the best Australian clips, and always brings the highest figure at the London sales. This is substantiated by the account sales. The clip was taken off on the first of October last year, and arrangements have been completed for shearing at the same date this season; and as drays are now in readiness on the station, the valuable clip of wool will be at once available to the purchaser!

THE CATTLE
are of the Durham breed, and nearly all the cows are broken to bail; new bulls have lately been purchased for them.

TERMS:
Twenty-five per cent. cash deposit; twenty-five per cent. on the order for delivery, and the residue by approved bills at six months' date, with interest at six per cent. per annum added.

BULLOCKS, DRAYS, IMPLEMENTS, AND STORES, all of which are of the best description, to be taken at a valuation by the purchaser. 1490

FORTY TONS MUTTON TALLOW!!

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,

40 TONS PRIME SOUTHERN TALLOW

This is in every respect a first-rate lot of tallow, and is in superior shipping order.
Terms—Cash. 1480

"BENDININE" AND "DOUGLAS,"
WITH
11,500 VERY SUPERIOR SHEEP.

BY ORDER OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LATE FIRM OF MESSRS. GRANT AND TREVALLYN.

THIS UNRIVALLED PROPERTY
Has been placed in the hands of the auctioneer for positive sale to the highest bidder, and the public is hereby informed that the sale will take place
AT MR. MORT'S ROOMS,
ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 14,
At 12 o'clock precisely.

IN the meantime attention is called to the following brief particulars, whilst intending purchasers are earnestly invited to inspect the property for which purpose ample time is afforded betwixt this and the day of sale.

THE SHEEP,
Which for quality are not surpassed by any in the colony, comprise as per last returns about as follows, viz.:—

3567	Ewes, *in lamb,* of ages up to six years
750	Aged and coarse Ewes, culled for boiling down, and now fattening
1175	Young Ewes, of September 1847
1327	Ditto, of September 1848
4	Imported Dorien Ewes
4	Ewes, increase of imported Dorien, by imported Western and Sturgeon rams
11	Imported Lord Western Ewes
24	Ewes, increase of Western Ewes, by Western and Sturgeon rams
145	Selected breeding Ewes from the choice flocks of H. Gordon, Esq
506	Ewes, increase of Mr Gordon's Ewes, by imported Lord Western and Sturgeon Rams
2	Imported Sturgeon Rams
13	Rams by imported Sturgeon and imported Western Rams, out of imported Western and Dorien Ewes
414	Rams, from one to four years old, by imported Sturgeon and Western Rams, out of Ewes picked from Mr. Gordon's flocks, of Menar
3423	Wethers, from yearlings to four years old, a flock of which is now ready for the butcher
11,615	More or less.

THE WHOLE OF WHICH ARE WARRANTED SOUND, AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED.

The above particulars will show the immense cost which has been incurred to bring these flocks to their present high caste; and when it is further stated that a system of the most careful culling has been carried on for many years, and that the flocks originally were the best of which the colony could boast, there can be no doubt that whoever may become the fortunate purchaser will possess the BEST BLOOD in the colony, and may, from the sale of his rams alone, realise a fortune.

It can be clearly shown that the clip of the past year averaged 2lbs. 10½oz. of well washed wool, the high character of which can be best understood by a reference to the London sales for the last seven or eight years. Those great desiderata, viz., length, closeness, and fineness of staple, with weight of wool, and weight of carcase, are obtained in these flocks, whilst from their high breeding, they will fatten where coarse bred sheep will scarcely thrive. Many of the rams are very superior indeed, and the quantity by no means equal to the great and increasing demand—a demand which must go on increasing too, as there are few flocks in the colony from which parties can obtain that class of rams which will repair the damage they have done themselves by following the popular but fatal notion of breeding coarse sheep, under the impression that they would be more profitable; how suicidal the notion has been three fourths of the sheep farmers know to their cost!!

THE SQUATTING STATIONS OF
BENDININE AND DOUGLAS,
(the vendors' right to which will be given in with the sheep,) are situate within a short distance of the flourishing township of Yass, and will carry together at least fourteen thousand sheep in all seasons, allowing two stations always to rest. The Bendinine run has nine miles of frontage to the Burrowa River, and the excellent fattening qualities and extent of the Douglas run are well known by those acquainted with the station. The latter run is about 16 miles distant from Bendinine, the home run, and is watered by the Currawang, Jugiong, and other Creeks, besides having a dam which always secures a twelvemonth's supply of water.

THE IMPROVEMENTS
upon these stations are of a character seldom to be met with, and may be briefly enumerated as under; but they must be seen to be appreciated. *They are all in first-rate order, and of the most substantial description.*

ON THE BENDININE RUN IS
An excellent cottage, slabbed, plastered, shingled, and glazed; fitted up with stone fire places, &c., having detached kitchen
Overseer's cottage, and six mens' huts
Excellent dairy and large store
Stable for six horses
Large shingled shearing shed, 100 feet by 40, with wool-room, windlass press, yards, and everything complete
Three cultivation paddocks
Horse paddock, 400 or 500 acres
Boiling-down shed, with pots all complete, capable of boiling 50 sheep per day
Spacious pigsties and fowl houses
Garden, well stocked with fruit trees
Two large sheds for wheat and hay

THE DOUGLAS STATION HAS
Substantial cottage
Overseer's dwelling
Two labourers' huts
Seven shepherds' huts
Wheat paddock of 70 acres
Garden
Stables
Sheds and hurdles for every station

Upon the stations will be found everything that can be required for their most efficient carrying on, and of which *the following will be* GIVEN IN, viz.:—
All the improvements
Two horse drays and harness
Two bullock drays, with teams of eight each, all complete
Manure cart, ploughs, harness, roller, carpenters' tools, scythes, spades, hoes, reaping hooks, and every implement necessary for a large establishment
Ten acres wheat
Five ditto barley
Supply of wheat and hay for twelve months
Two saddle horses } All in first-rate working
Six harness horses } condition

All other things upon the station, including some imported pigs, supply of stores, a small herd of milch cattle, bullocks for station use, mares and horses, &c., may be had at a valuation.

☞ *The above bare enumeration of the particulars of this magnificent Sheep property will, perhaps, serve to rouse the attention of capitalists and others wishful to avail themselves of the present unexampled opportunity for investment in stock—an opportunity which if not availed of now, may be lost for ever, as the improved and improving prosperity of the wool markets, and the demand for blood such as that now offered will to a certainty, enhance the prices most materially of properties such as the present. It must also be borne in mind that the expenses of the year are over—the clip waiting but to be shorn, and that the lambing of nearly 4000 ewes will commence next month.*

☞ Terms—half cash; half six months, with security on the purchase.

THIS PROPERTY WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD,
AND IN ONE LOT. 1489

THURSDAY'S USUAL PRODUCE SALE.

TALLOW, HIDES, WOOL, SHEEP-SKINS.

MR. MORT
Will sell by auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,

9000 SHEEPSKINS
85 Casks Tallow
83 Hides
12 Bales Wool
40 Tons prime Southern Tallow.
Terms at sale. 1481

"DANVILLE."

FIRST-RATE BUILDING LAND NEAR BLUE'S POINT, NORTH SHORE.

MR. MORT

HAS received instructions to sell by public auction at his Rooms
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 27TH JULY,
At 11 o'clock,
FIRST-RATE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS
NEAR THE TOWNSHIP OF ST. LEONARDS,
NORTH SHORE.

They are situate in the immediate neighbourhood of the Township and Church of St. Leonards, and within a few minutes' walk of the Steam Ferry at Blue's Point. The allotments are Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of section 3, all of which command the most beautiful and varied views of the scenery of the harbour or the Parramatta River.

Allotment No. 4 contains 1 rood and 2 perches, having 58 feet 8 inches frontage to Gipps-street, by a depth of 193 feet.
No. 5 contains 39 perches, having 52 feet 9 inches to Gipps-street, by 198 feet 8 inches depth.
No. 6 contains 1 rood, having 52 feet 9 inches in frontage to Gipps-street, by 203 feet 11 inches depth.
No. 7 contains 38¼ perches, having 49 feet 6 inches frontage to Gipps-street, by 209 feet 10 inches depth.
No. 8 contains 39½ perches, having 49 feet 6 inches frontage to Gipps-street, by 220 feet depth.
No. 9 contains 1 rood, having 49 feet 6 inches frontage to Gipps-street, by 225 feet 14 inches depth.

The plan of these really beautiful Building Allotments may be seen at the Rooms of the Auctioneer. Terms at sale. 1484

LAND AT THE NORTH SHORE.

THIRTY ACRES
AT
LITTLE SIRIUS COVE.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 27,
At 11 o'clock,

30 ACRES OF LAND
AT
LITTLE SIRIUS COVE,
being one of the most beautiful spots on the North Shore.

The land adjoins Mr. Robertson's, and has upon it an EXCELLENT COTTAGE, (now let at the nominal rental of 2s. 6d. per week), with garden, &c.

The description of the land is as follows:—
"30 Acres of Land at Little Sirius Cove, commencing at a road at the north of allotment number five, and bounded on the south by that road, being a line north sixty-five degrees west 11 chains; on the west by a road being lines north 20 degrees east 11 chains, and north 37 degrees east 8 chains; on the north by a line east 15 chains to a stream; and on the east by that stream and part of Little Sirius Cove to the commencing point."

☞ To parties requiring a healthy building site within a short distance from the city, this sale is particularly worthy of attention.

Abstract of Title may be inspected at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.

TERMS:
Twenty per cent. cash deposit; the residue may remain on interest for 5 years 1485

FOUR HOUSES
IN
WILMOT-STREET,
GEORGE STREET SOUTH.

RENTAL:
SEVENTY-TWO POUNDS PER ANNUM.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 14,
At 11 o'clock,

THE following newly built houses, in the centre of the city, yielding the rental of £72 per annum, and particularly worthy the attention of all parties having money for investment:
VIZ.
FOUR NEWLY BUILT HOUSES,
IN
WILMOT-STREET, GEORGE-STREET.

These premises, which are nearly new, are most substantially built of brick, and well finished.

From their central locality they always command good tenants, at the rental above stated.
Terms, liberal at sale. 1488

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sheriff's Office,
Sydney, July 25.

Redman v. Gore (W. B.)

ON MONDAY, the 30th instant, at noon, at the London Tavern, George-street, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold all the right, title, interest, and estate, (other than an equity of redemption of the abovenamed defendant) in and to

All that and those one hundred and fifty acres of land, lying and situate in the district of Hunter's Hill, in the parish of Willoughby, in the county of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales, known by the name of Artarmon Farm: bounded on the south side by an east line of thirty-six chains, commencing at Roberts' east corner; on the east by a north line of thirty-six chains; on the north by a west line of fifty-two chains to the line marked for Nicholls; and on the west side by Nicholls' and Roberts' farm.

And also, all that the undivided fifth portion, share, or other the part or share of him the said William Bligh Gore, of, in, and to all those three hundred and fifty acres of land or thereabouts, lying and situate in the district of Hunter's Hill aforesaid, in the parish, county, and colony aforesaid, and respectively called or known as Polmont Farm, Asser Farm, Dark Farm, Loder Farm, Curry Farm, Whitfield Farm, Roberts' Farm, Sawyer's Farm, Robinson's Farm, Pucker Farm, Dargan Farm, Jenning's Farm, and Turner's Farm, and nearly adjoining or contiguous to the aforesaid one hundred and fifty acres of land, and which said three hundred and fifty acres of land were granted respectively to James Williamson, Henry Asser, John Dark, George Loder, Daniel Curry, George Whitfield, John Roberts, John Sawyer, Charles Robinson, William Parker, Peter Dargan, Thomas Jennings, and Turner; together with the rights, &c.

Also thirty acres, known as the Burying Ground, bounded on the north-east by Artarmon, on the north-west by land lately in possession of Mr. Nicholls, on the west by land of Mr. Mosman, and on the south by Roberts' Farm.

Also, twenty five acres, known by the name of Carr's Farm, bounded on the south by Loder's Farm, on the west by Dark's Farm, on the east by Farm, and on the north by Roberts' Farm.

Unless this execution be previously satisfied.

CORNELIUS PROUT,
1446 Under Sheriff.

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